

Department of State

Downtown Revitalization Initiative **NY Forward** 

(Aunt Cookie's Sub Shop)

## Guidebook

# Downtown Revitalization Initiative and NY Forward

APRIL 2024



### Introduction

One of the most inspiring and enlightening aspects of my tenure as New York's Secretary of State has been witnessing a committed group of civic, political, and business leaders literally transform their downtowns into vibrant, diverse, and prosperous places with support from the Department of State's Downtown Revitalization Initiative (DRI). This program has ushered in a renaissance in downtown revitalization that is sweeping across the entire State and shows no signs of slowing. Now, with focus on the NY Forward (NYF) program, Governor Hochul's commitment to the resurgence of every community, large urban, rural, and the smaller neighborhoods in between, every downtown—regardless of size, character, or capacity— has the opportunity to join in this transformative movement happening across New York State.

The DRI and NYF are not only transforming individual downtowns; they are also reinvigorating entire regional economies and the State as a whole. As we implement the sixth round of the DRI and the first round of NYF, we are witnessing that broader vision become a reality. A critical mass of vibrant downtowns in each region is collectively making the Empire State a more attractive place for businesses to invest and families to live. The DRI and NYF have firmly established NYS as the national capital of downtown revitalization and sustainable economic development!

Any good program, no matter how successful, must evolve and adapt to changing circumstances and challenges. The COVID pandemic certainly threw our downtowns a curveball, but our DRI communities rose to the challenge by supporting small businesses, building new housing, and creating safe, enjoyable, and accessible streetscapes and public spaces. The Department of State then launched NY Forward to support smaller, more locally-serving economies and put in place a robust system of technical assistance and capacity-building to better serve those places and allow all New York communities to join in the transformative revitalization process.

In addition to creating vibrant downtowns and expanding economic development opportunities, the DRI and NYF are achieving myriad other major state policy goals. To address the State's housing crisis and in support of the Governor's Pro-Housing Communities program, the DRI has already invested in nearly 3500 units of housing throughout the State, with many more coming on-line this year from DRI and NY Forward awardees. Recognizing the availability and affordability of housing unlocks greater opportunities for enhanced economic development, quality of life, and socio-economic equity, and I'm confident that our newest and future DRI and NYF communities will heed the Governor's clarion call by creating even more quality housing at all price points in prime downtown locations because creating more units overall generates both affordability and more opportunity.

These programs are also helping the State meet its nation-leading climate change goals by building communities that are less dependent on automobiles, which in turn reduces greenhouse gases in the transportation sector. The Department of State has also partnered with NYSERDA to develop green, energy-efficient projects. And our partnership with NYPA provides priority electric vehicle charging stations in DRI and NY Forward downtowns to serve both existing and new residents and businesses.

Cover photo of Downtown Geneseo- taken by Keith Walters



Finally, DRI/NYF projects contribute to the goals and strategies being advanced in the Governor's Master Plan on Aging by creating healthy, accessible, and equitable communities designed for people of all ages and abilities. Vibrant downtowns offer housing that allows older New Yorkers to downsize to homes in neighborhoods that provide access to a variety of intergenerational destinations and activities, including essential public gathering spaces that help overcome social interaction and thus improve both physical and mental health. This, in turn, frees up their previous homes to the next generation of growing families and younger professionals. Successful DRI and NY Forward downtowns should cater to the entire age spectrum, from grandparent to grandchild, if they are to be complete, sustainable, and equitable.

With the Governor's commitment last year of another \$100 million for the DRI and \$100M for NYF, the State has now invested a combined total of \$1 billion in both programs since their inception. But these programs are about much more than monetary grants. As impressive as that milestone is, the DRI and NYF succeed because they are built on partnerships—inter-agency, public/private, and State/local. Our partner agencies—HCR, ESD, NYSERDA, and others—work closely with us to help communities access and navigate state resources holistically and effectively. Our private sector partners ensure that projects are completed on time and leverage additional investments as a result of the momentum that the revitalization process sets in motion. And the communities themselves weave all the pieces together into a coherent whole that characterizes a complete and vibrant downtown.

This Guidebook will help awarded communities develop their Strategic Investment Plans and embark on the invigorating and irreversible road to revitalization that lies ahead. The Department of State and our partner agencies will be here to support you every step of the way.



Robert J. Rodriguez Secretary of State



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### **State Agencies**

#### New York Department of State (DOS)

New York Department of State plays a critical role in helping to reinvigorate the State's economy and make its communities more livable. The Office of Planning, Development, & Community Infrastructure (OPDCI) at the DOS increases resilience and sustainable growth of New York communities by advancing progressive land use solutions and community-based development. This is accomplished through effective plan-then-act strategies that result in catalytic investments that stimulate community revitalization, and preserve, protect, and enhance the State's coastal and natural resources.

#### **Empire State Development (ESD)**

Empire State Development is New York State's primary economic development arm. ESD's mission is to promote a vigorous and growing state economy, encourage business investment and job creation, and support diverse, prosperous local economies across New York State.

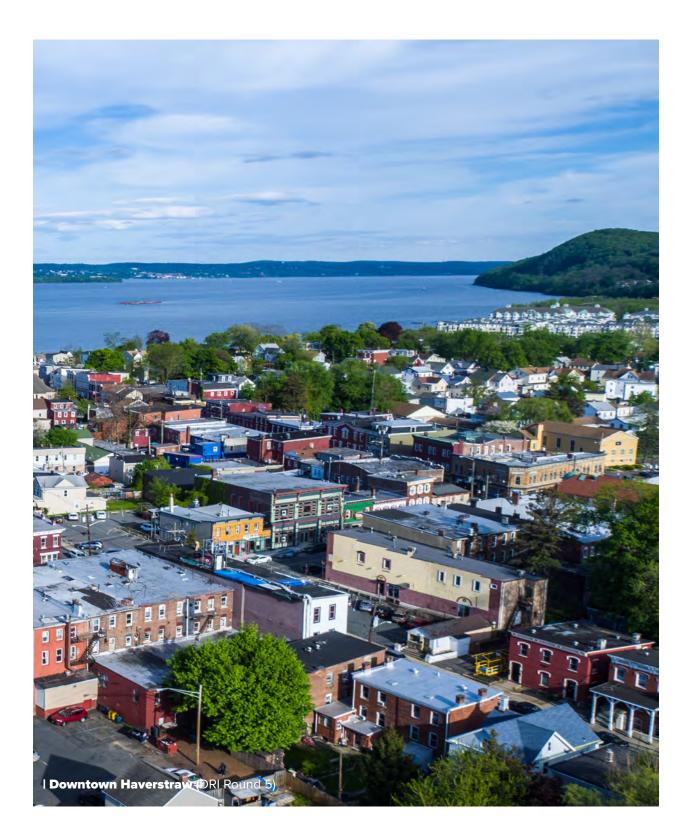
#### New York Division of Homes and Community Renewal (HCR)

New York State Division of Homes and Community Renewal is the State's affordable housing agency. HCR's mission is to build, preserve, and protect affordable housing and increase homeownership throughout New York State.

#### New York State Energy Research & Development Authority (NYSERDA)

New York State Energy Research & Development Authority is a public-benefit corporation dedicated to promoting energy efficiency and the use of renewable energy sources. NYSERDA's mission is to advance clean energy innovation and investments to combat climate change; improve the health, resiliency, and prosperity of New Yorkers; and, to deliver benefits equitably to all.





# Downtown Revitalization Initiative (DRI) and NY Forward (NYF)

### In this Section:

SECTION 1.1Purpose of this GuidebookSECTION 1.2Introduction to the DRI and NYF ProgramsSECTION 1.3Planning Process OverviewSECTION 1.4Roles and Responsibilities





### **Purpose of this Guidebook**

This guidebook provides a detailed overview of the Downtown Revitalization Initiative and NY Forward planning processes. It is intended to serve as a resource for the Local Planning Committee, municipal officials and staff, project sponsors, and the general public.

#### **Topics Covered in the Guidebook**

This guidebook focuses on the planning process associated with the Downtown Revitalization Initiative (DRI) and NY Forward (NYF) programs. The DRI and NYF programs use an innovative "plan-then-act" strategy. All communities awarded DRI/NYF funding will undertake a targeted, community-based planning exercise. The process begins with the development of a downtown vision and goals and an assessment of the downtown area, and then shifts to identifying and developing proposed projects.

At the end of the planning process, communities will identify a slate of projects that are aligned with the State's and locality's goals for the DRI/NYF program. These projects are then submitted to the State for funding consideration. With the support of several State agencies and a consultant team, each community will prepare a Strategic Investment Plan (SIP). The SIP is the final plan that results from the DRI/ NYF planning process. The SIP will describe the unique challenges and opportunities for the revitalization of downtown, present the community's vision for the future of the area, and propose transformative projects that may be realized with an investment of DRI/NYF funds.

This guidebook is organized by the key activities that each community will undertake as part of the planning process and include:

- Public engagement
- Downtown profile and assessment
- Vision, goals, and revitalization strategies
- Project identification and development
- Project implementation



PURPOSE OF THIS GUIDEBOOK

#### Who Should Use the Guidebook?

This guidebook is intended to be a resource for anyone involved in a DRI or NYF planning process, including the Local Planning Committee, municipal officials and staff, project sponsors, and the general public. The guidebook provides an overview of the planning process, describes key deliverables, and defines the State's expectations.

You can use the guidebook to:

- Understand what to expect once a community is awarded DRI or NYF funding
- Better understand the roles and responsibilities of key participants in the planning process
- Learn about the different ways to become involved in the planning process
- Better understand how a community will identify, develop, and ultimately select proposed projects to recommend to the State for DRI or NYF funding
- Learn more about the Strategic Investment Plan (SIP) that a community will develop, with the support of State agencies and a consultant team
- Learn what happens after the SIP is submitted and the State announces project awards





## Introduction to the DRI and NYF Programs

The Downtown Revitalization Initiative and NY Forward programs focus on creating healthy, vibrant, walkable downtowns that catalyze sustainable economic development and accrue numerous economic, social, and environmental benefits to the locality, the region, and the State as a whole.

Business and development leaders recognize that downtown communities, which offer a high quality of life and a critical mass of diverse public amenities and activities, can serve as catalysts for increased and sustainable local economic development. Investments that re-energize commercial cores attract a diverse population of new residents and visitors of varying ages, incomes, and interests, thereby strengthening the customer base for local businesses and providing the reliable workforce needed to attract and retain employers and grow the regional economy. Government leaders recognize that focusing investment in commercial centers is also fiscally responsible. Compact development lowers the cost of delivering essential government services (police, fire, emergency medical) and reduces demand for costly new infrastructure, making local government budgets more efficient and reducing the burden on taxpayers. In addition, compact, mixed-use development is energy efficient and reduces greenhouse gas emissions. By focusing development in its downtown, a community can reduce its carbon footprint by promoting the use of public transit, making places more walkable, and reducing dependence on private vehicles.



INTRODUCTION TO THE DRI + NYF PROGRAMS

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#### **DRI and NYF Program Goals**

The core goals of the Downtown Revitalization (DRI) and NY Forward (NYF) programs are summarized in the box to the right. As part of the DRI/NYF planning process, each community will use these goals as a starting point to develop its own set of localized goals that support its vision for revitalization. The State's programmatic goals and the community's local goals should guide the entire DRI or NYF planning process, inform project development and selection, and be clearly reflected in each community's Strategic Investment Plan.

#### DRI and NY Forward Program Goals

Create an active downtown with a strong sense of place.

Attract new businesses that create a robust mix of shopping, entertainment, and service options for residents and visitors, and that provide job opportunities for a variety of skills and salaries.



Enhance public spaces for arts and cultural events that serve the existing members of the community but also draw in visitors from around the region.



Build a diverse population, with residents and workers supported by complementary varied housing and employment opportunities.



Grow the local property tax base.



Provide amenities that support and enhance downtown living and quality of life.



Reduce greenhouse gas emissions and support investments that are more resilient to future climate change impacts.



#### INTRODUCTION TO THE DRI + NYF PROGRAMS

#### **DRI Program Overview**

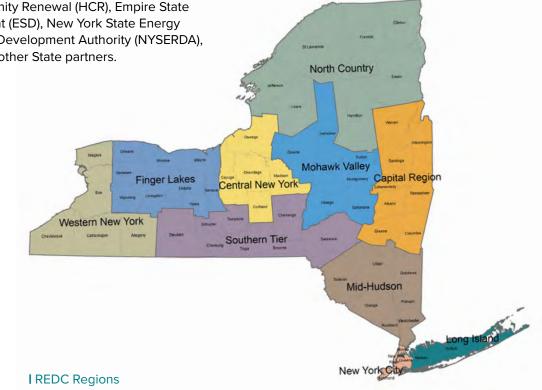
The Downtown Revitalization Initiative (DRI) was launched in 2016 to accelerate the revitalization of downtowns in the ten Regional Economic Development Council (REDC) regions of the State so that the downtowns can serve as centers of activity and catalysts for increased local investment. As a cornerstone of the State's economic development program, the DRI transforms downtown neighborhoods into vibrant centers that offer a high quality of life and become magnets for redevelopment, business growth, job creation, and economic and housing diversity.

The Department of State (DOS) administers the Governor's DRI in close coordination with Homes and Community Renewal (HCR), Empire State Development (ESD), New York State Energy Research & Development Authority (NYSERDA), and several other State partners.

#### **Community Characteristics**

In general, DRI communities:

- Are sizable downtowns with a regional draw;
- Include major employment centers and tourism attractions;
- Provide a walkable network of destinations;
- Are characterized by relatively dense urban development with diverse land uses; and
- Provide multi-modal transportation options (e.g., mass transit, bicycle infrastructure) or have the potential to increase multi-modal infrastructure.





#### INTRODUCTION TO THE DRI + NYF PROGRAMS

#### **NYF Program Overview**

NY Forward (NYF) was launched in 2022 to support a more equitable downtown recovery for New York's smaller communities, with a focus on hamlets, villages, and neighborhood-scale commercial centers. Similar to the DRI, the DOS administers the Governor's NYF program in close coordination with HCR, ESD, NYSERDA, and several other State partners. Through the NYF program, smaller downtowns will receive planning and implementation support needed to attract more businesses, residents, and visitors, while also providing a higher quality of life for all residents.

#### **Community Characteristics**

In general, NYF communities:

- Provide important services to the local community/neighborhood in a mixed-use, walkable setting;
- Often feature a distinct sense of place due to the presence of rich cultural, historic, natural, and/or agricultural assets;
- Often have less dense development than a DRI community; however, NYF communities are still compact and walkable; and
- May include villages, hamlets, and neighborhood centers nested within a larger municipality.



#### **SECTION 1.2** INTRODUCTION TO THE DRI + NYF PROGRAMS

This table provides an overview of characteristics common to DRI and NYF communities. The list is not exhaustive given the unique attributes of the State's downtowns.

Community Characteristics	
DRI	NY Forward
Larger, walkable, more dense geographical areas with amenities that serve the regional community	Smaller, walkable, less dense geographical areas with amenities that serve the immediate local community
Multi-modal transportation, including mass transit options	More vehicle dependent; patrons mainly arrive by car
Employment center for the regional economy	Predominantly service-oriented businesses and employment opportunities. Services may include maintaining employment and job growth
Larger, urban tourist center with more attractions spread out over several blocks of development — walkable between multiple nodes of activities/ attractions	Small-town charm: with heritage, antiques, cottage, agriculture and other niche based tourism In NYC, Business Improvement District (BID)-scale residential-focused districts
Availability or potential for rail/bus/ferry public transportation making Transit Oriented Development possible	Vehicle dependent with limited public transportation potential. Residential, or rural agricultural centric development
High-density development: most buildings are three or more stories; buildings contain a number of uses and tenants; there is greater square footage of built space per acre	Low-density development: most buildings are two to four stories; buildings contain a few uses and tenants; there is lesser square footage of built space per acre
Existing or potential for higher density buildings, multi-story buildings with opportunities for upper story housing	Two to four story buildings with opportunities for upper story housing



#### SECTION 1.2 INTRODUCTION TO THE DRI + NYF PROGRAMS

The following table is an overview of the common types of projects and project characteristics for DRI and NYF communities and is intended to be a guide for communities. It is not an exhaustive list of project types or characteristics.

Potential Projects	
DRI	NY Forward
Larger private, mixed-use projects	Smaller projects focused more on building renovation and redevelopment and activation of upper-stories (ex: housing, additional commercial) rather than new construction
Adaptive reuse	Adaptive reuse
New public construction projects on developable properties, creating new public spaces	Projects that deal primarily with vacancy and rehabilitation, but may include new construction or creation of new public space
Projects that elevate urban- and employment-based downtown qualities and enhance the regional draw of the DRI area	Projects that elevate specific cultural and historical qualities that enhance the feeling of local charm
Wayfinding projects to connect the network of amenities and attractions distributed over several commercial corridors	Tight commercial activity area with opportunity to enhance cultural heritage through signage or historic markers



## **Planning Process Overview**

#### Introduction

Both the DRI and NYF programs employ an innovative "plan-then-act" strategy that couples strategic planning with immediate implementation. Communities are paired with a consultant team and a project manager from the DOS who guide them through a targeted, community-based planning process focused on the development of a Strategic Investment Plan (SIP).

The SIP will build upon the community's DRI/NYF application, including the preliminary community vision for revitalization and the proposed project list. The planning process will refine the vision, develop actionable goals and revitalization strategies, identify a suite of complementary and transformative projects to help the community achieve its vision for downtown revitalization, and develop a roadmap to continue the momentum of downtown revitalization.

In each community selected to participate in the DRI or NYF program, a Local Planning Committee (LPC) comprised of local and regional leaders, stakeholders, and community representatives intended to represent diverse interests is convened to oversee the planning process and the development of the SIP. Over the course of the planning process, the LPC with significant support from the State team and a consultant team — will work closely with the local community to:

 Develop a clear and concise downtown profile and assessment to articulate the story of the downtown and identify key challenges and opportunities.

- Review and refine the vision statement included in the DRI/NYF application.
- Establish goals and strategies to achieve the community's vision.
- Identify, develop, and evaluate projects that could advance the community's vision, goals, and strategies for revitalization.
- Develop detailed project profiles for each project that the LPC recommends for DRI/ NYF funding (the LPC will identify a final slate of projects in excess of the available DRI/NYF funding).
- Undertake broad public engagement throughout the entire planning process to solicit input, shape the community's vision for downtown, identify projects, and build support for plan implementation.

A consultant team will compile the SIP, which will be submitted to the State. Following the final submission of the SIP to the State, a multiagency State team will review each project recommended for DRI/NYF funding. A subset of the projects submitted in the SIP will be awarded funding by the State.

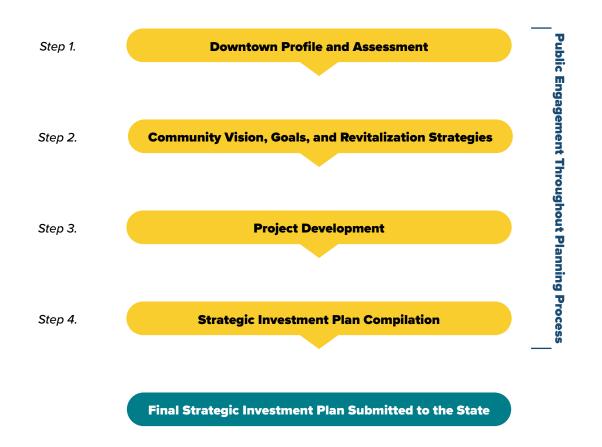
Following the review period, project awards will be announced by the State. Project contracts will be negotiated and executed between project sponsors and relevant State agencies shortly after the award announcements. The contracts will be administered by a variety of agencies and authorities, with the majority held by the DOS, ESD, and HCR. In general, awarded project funding will be provided on a reimbursement basis.

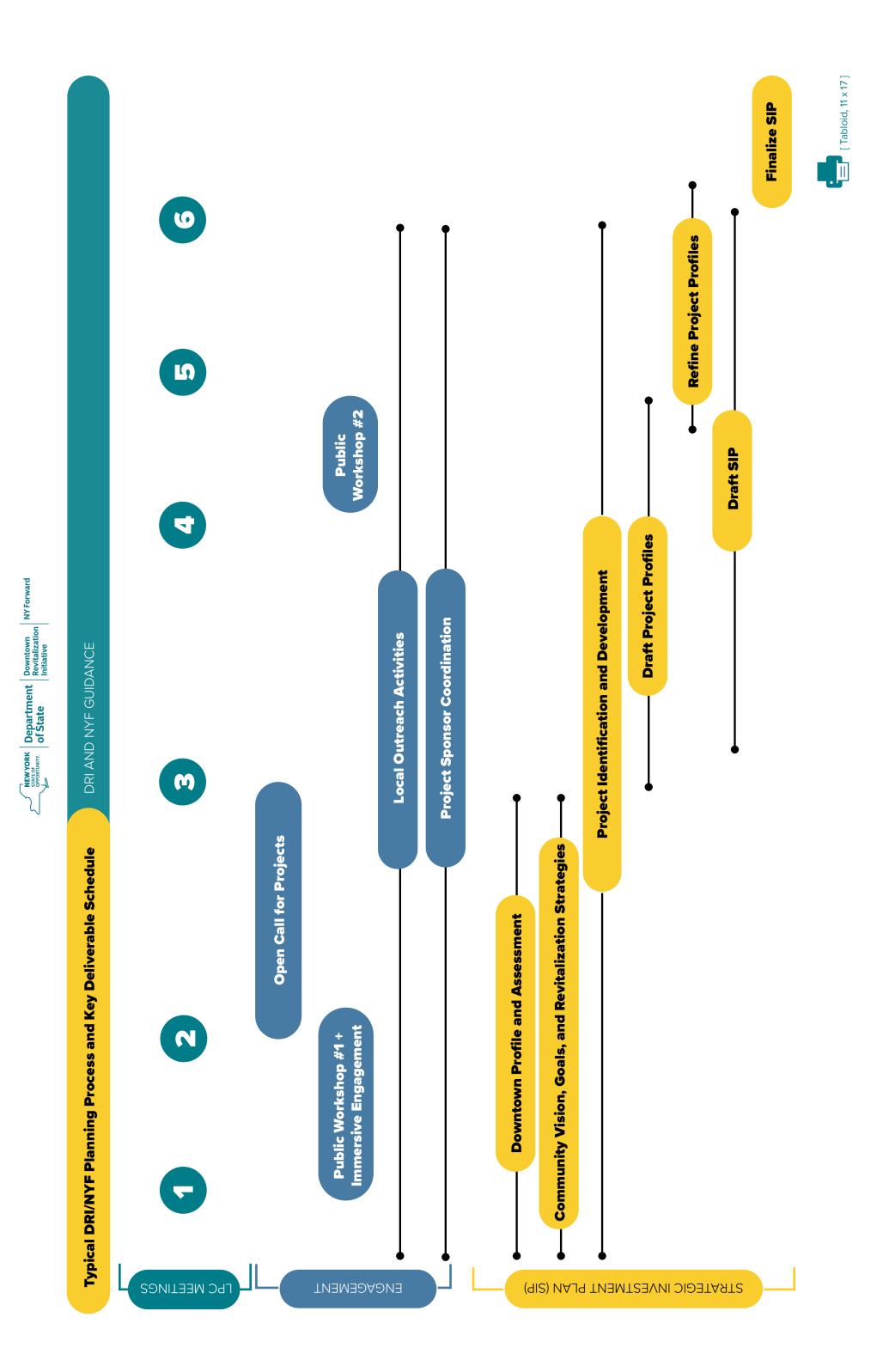


### SECTION 1.3 PLANNING PROCESS OVERVIEW

#### Summary of Key Steps in the Planning Process

All deliverables associated with each step will be developed by the consultant team, with guidance from the LPC.





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#### PLANNING PROCESS OVERVIEW

The following sections provide an overview of the key elements of the DRI and NYF planning processes. Detailed descriptions of each element are provided in Sections 2.0 through 6.0.

#### **Public Engagement**

Transparent, open, and ongoing public engagement is a critical component of the DRI/ NYF planning process and the development of the SIP. Public engagement shall occur throughout the entire DRI/NYF planning process to ensure community needs, opportunities, and challenges are identified, to determine potential projects, and to ensure the DRI/ NYF revitalization efforts are supported. For additional information and requirements, see <u>Section 2.0: Public Engagement</u>.

#### Downtown Profile and Assessment

The downtown profile and assessment shall provide a clear, concise, and compelling narrative that articulates the story of the downtown area and describes the future of the area and region. The profile and assessment should allow the reader to understand why this downtown will benefit from the DRI/NYF program and provide a logical basis for the projects recommended for DRI/NYF funding.

The profile and assessment will give the reader a sense of the downtown - its unique characteristics, strengths, and challenges. It is not intended to provide a comprehensive technical description of the downtown akin to what would be included in a comprehensive plan. While the consultant team will collect, analyze, and evaluate the demographics, market conditions, and other characteristics of the downtown to ensure that the project proposals included in the SIP are realistic and appropriate, the downtown profile and assessment will contain only a summary of this information. Further, the profile and assessment should provide some analysis of the downtown area and highlight any relevant key factors or trends. For additional information and requirements, see Section 3.0: Downtown Profile and Assessment.

#### Community Vision, Goals, and Revitalization Strategies

Informed by the community's DRI/NYF application and community input, the LPC will develop a vision statement with corresponding goals and revitalization strategies to guide decision-making about future development and investment in the DRI/NYF area. The vision statement is intended to be ambitious as well as illustrative of the community's vision for the future, which will be advanced through the implementation of DRI/NYF projects. For additional information and requirements, see <u>Section 4.0: Vision, Goals, and Revitalization</u> <u>Strategies</u>.



PLANNING PROCESS OVERVIEW

#### **Project Development**

DRI/NYF projects can be identified in a variety of ways, including the community's application, during an Open Call for Projects, through public engagement, or during the planning process as it advances. Consultant teams will work closely with project sponsors and the LPC to develop and refine proposed projects.

The LPC will recommend a final slate of projects to the State to be considered for DRI/ NYF funding. These projects are expected to have positive and transformative impacts on the DRI/NYF community and will be a mix of public and privately sponsored projects. Detailed descriptions of each proposed project will comprise a majority of the SIP. The LPC will select the final slate of projects based on public input, LPC and community priorities, and evaluation criteria established by the LPC based on State requirements. For additional information and requirements, see <u>Section 5.0: Project</u> <u>Development</u>.

#### **Project Implementation**

Following the completion of the planning process is the selection and implementation of the awarded projects. Awarded projects will enter into contract with the appropriate state agency and are expected to break ground within two years of award. During project implementation, municipalities will be expected to track all awarded projects and continue the momentum of downtown revitalization, which can be guided by the roadmap for revitalization. For additional information and requirements, see <u>Section 6.0 Project Implementation</u>.

#### Strategic Investment Plan Compilation

The goals of the DRI and NYF programs should be reflected in each community's SIP and the projects therein. The SIPs, which will be prepared by the consultant teams, are a compilation of the required deliverables described throughout this guidebook. Each SIP will describe the unique challenges and opportunities for revitalization of the DRI/NYF area, present the community's vision for the future of the area, and propose transformative projects that may be realized with an investment of DRI/NYF funds.



## **Roles and Responsibilities**

#### Overview

The DRI and NYF programs accomplish their goals through a unique State and local partnership that includes the Local Planning Committee (LPC), State staff, municipal representatives, and a consultant team. The LPC is responsible for representing the interests and priorities of the community, while the State staff ensures that the process and deliverables are consistent with the goals, priorities, and requirements of the funding programs. In addition, State and local staff, together with the consultant team, provide expertise, guidance, and technical assistance to develop an SIP that will achieve the vision and goals for revitalization of the downtown, as approved by the LPC.

#### **Local Planning Committee**

Each LPC is led by co-chairs consisting of the local elected official(s) and a member of the Regional Economic Development Council (or their respective designees). General membership of the LPC will include local and regional leaders, community stakeholders, and representatives from interest groups and organizations as appropriate to the community.

These groups may include, but are not limited to:

- Local and regional government officials;
- Neighborhood associations, homeowners, and renters;
- Property owners, local developers, and real estate agents;

- Chambers of Commerce, local business
   associations, and business owners;
- Community foundations and community loan funds;
- Local development corporations, housing corporations, industrial development agencies, and business improvement districts;
- Cultural institutions;
- · Educational institutions;
- Local non-profit and advocacy organizations, such as environmental organizations and park conservancies; and
- Social and public service organizations, such as local public safety and health care providers, and faith-based organizations.

As representatives of a variety of interests within the community, the LPC members will be responsible for guiding the planning process and helping to identify the most appropriate range of community engagement approaches for the DRI/NYF area. The LPC members will also be expected to take an active role in public outreach and evaluate and select projects for inclusion in the SIP.

LPC members meet regularly to brainstorm ideas, provide direction and feedback to consultant teams, review planning products, and discuss community engagement efforts. All LPC meetings that are open to the public should provide an opportunity for public comment. The



#### ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

LPC members, working with the consultant team and State planners, will determine the most appropriate meeting schedule to accomplish their goals and to deliver an on-time SIP. For additional information and requirements, see <u>Section 2.3: Local Planning Committee</u>.

LPC members will be required to sign a Code of Conduct as a reminder that they must always act in the public interest in their role as LPC members. Any member of the committee with a real or perceived conflict related to a specific project will be required to recuse themselves from voting on or opining on the project that presents a conflict while still participating in decision-making for other projects.

#### **Municipal Representatives**

Professional and administrative municipal representatives from the DRI/NYF community may provide local assistance to the consultant team and State team when local resources or expertise are needed. Municipal representatives may be asked to:

- Provide existing data to assist with the development of the downtown profile and assessment;
- Help develop publicly-sponsored projects by providing guidance regarding the municipality's project objectives/ preferences and providing studies, plans, or other documents related to project development;
- Identify any relevant municipal programs and initiatives and/or funding sources that could be leveraged;

- Help secure space for and advertise public events and LPC meetings; and
- Serve as a local point of contact during the DRI/NYF planning process.

As appropriate, municipalities are encouraged to partner with the county or other local or regional entities that may be able to provide technical assistance or other resources.

#### **Project Sponsors**

DRI/NYF funding may be awarded to public, not-for-profit, and private entities to implement projects included in the final SIP. Each project must have a project sponsor that has both the capacity and the legal authority to undertake the project and to whom the grant funds may be awarded. A project sponsor must be an entity and not an individual. A final determination will be made by the State following award announcement as to the entity that will hold the DRI/NYF project contract.

All project sponsors, including those for the projects that were in the community's application, are expected to provide project proposal information to the consultant team in order to be considered for DRI/NYF funding. During the planning process, project sponsors will work closely with the consultant team to provide information related to their proposed project, including, but not limited to existing project funding sources, the proposed scope of work and the tasks that will be accomplished with the DRI/NYF funding, and the project sponsor's capacity to implement and maintain the project. For additional information and requirements, see Section 5.0: Project Development.



ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

#### **Consultant Team**

A consultant team, contracted by the State, will be assigned to each DRI and NYF community. The consultant teams are able to provide expertise in an array of planning disciplines, such as public engagement, market analysis, communications, and feasibility assessments. The consultant teams, in close coordination with State staff and the LPC, will lead all public engagement, project identification and development, and creation of all components of the SIP.

At the onset of the planning process, the consultant team will work with the LPC to identify the best strategies for engaging with the community. Those engagement strategies will continue to be refined throughout the planning process. In addition, the consultant team will lead the preparation for and facilitation and documentation of all LPC and public meetings/ events.

With direction from the State team, guidance from the LPC, and following the requirements articulated in this guidebook, the consultant teams will also prepare all program documents, including the:

- Downtown profile and assessment;
- Downtown vision and goals, and revitalization strategies to achieve the vision and goals;
- · Project profiles; and
- Downtown revitalization roadmap

The consultant will compile these documents into a cohesive Strategic Investment Plan. The consultant team will also assist the LPC in identifying key projects for implementation using DRI/NYF funding and will work with project sponsors to prepare detailed project profiles and analyses that demonstrate the feasibility and potential impact of projects. As needed, the consultant team will conduct additional research, market studies, and outreach to develop and demonstrate the feasibility of proposed projects.

#### **State Team**

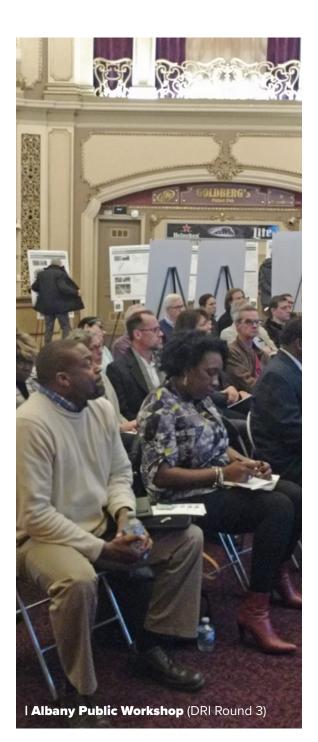
Each LPC will receive support from a team of State staff. The State team, led by the DOS, will also include staff from HCR, ESD, and NYSERDA. This team will manage the consultant team assigned to the community, assist the consultant team and LPC in meeting preparation, and participate in the preparation and review of DRI/ NYF documents.

 The DOS representative will bring planning and community engagement best practices to the process and be able to provide guidance and support for the DRI/NYF planning process, including Smart Growth and climate resilience strategies. The DOS representative will manage the consultant team and act as the liaison and primary point of contact for the State team.



#### ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

- The HCR representative will provide their knowledge of the community and expertise in housing development, Community Development Block Grants, and HCR grants and programs.
- The ESD representative will provide broad knowledge of past, present, and proposed development in and around the downtown and can provide information about a variety of other State funding programs that can support downtown revitalization.
- NYSERDA staff will support the planning process by providing technical assistance focused on identifying decarbonization strategies across multiple scales – from neighborhoods to individual buildings and sites. NYSERDA will also assist with identifying additional State and federal funding that can be used to achieve decarbonization efforts in DRI/NYF areas.
- Representatives from other State agencies may be engaged, as appropriate, to address the specific needs of each DRI/ NYF community.



# **Public Engagement**

### In this Section:





### Local Outreach Activities

SECTION 2.6

**Project Identification** 



### Introduction

Broad, inclusive, and frequent public outreach is an essential component of the Downtown Revitalization Initiative and NY Forward planning processes, as public input plays an important role in the creation of the community's vision and goals and in the identification of projects and development of the Strategic Investment Plan.

Public engagement will begin at the onset of the planning process and continue throughout the development of the Strategic Investment Plan (SIP). Engagement must be tailored to the local community and may take a variety of forms, with a focus on informing and educating the community about the Downtown Revitalization Initiative (DRI) and NY Forward (NYF) programs, soliciting and receiving input on the community's vision, goals, and proposed projects, and building support for SIP implementation.

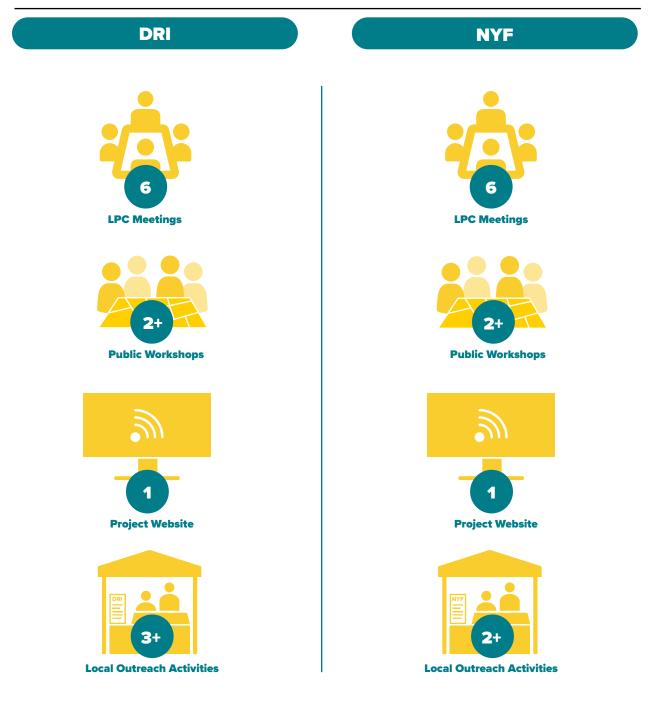
Engagement activities should encourage participation from a broad and diverse population, and the consultant team must design events that encourage openness and innovation. Events will be held at milestones during the planning process, as described in the following sections.

Local Planning Committee (LPC) members will play a pivotal role in public engagement by helping to identify key individuals and organizations that should be involved in the planning and implementation process and by determining the best way to involve them. Inclusion and equity are critical to the public engagement process; therefore, outreach strategies must be employed to engage all impacted stakeholders and community members, particularly from often hard-to-reach communities.





#### **Public Engagement Minimum Requirements:**





INTRODUCTION

#### **Engagement Schedule**

Public engagement should occur early and consistently throughout the entire planning process. The graphic to the right summarizes the anticipated public meetings and engagement activities and the order in which they typically occur in the planning process. The timing of when these activities will occur in the planning process will depend on the needs of the community.

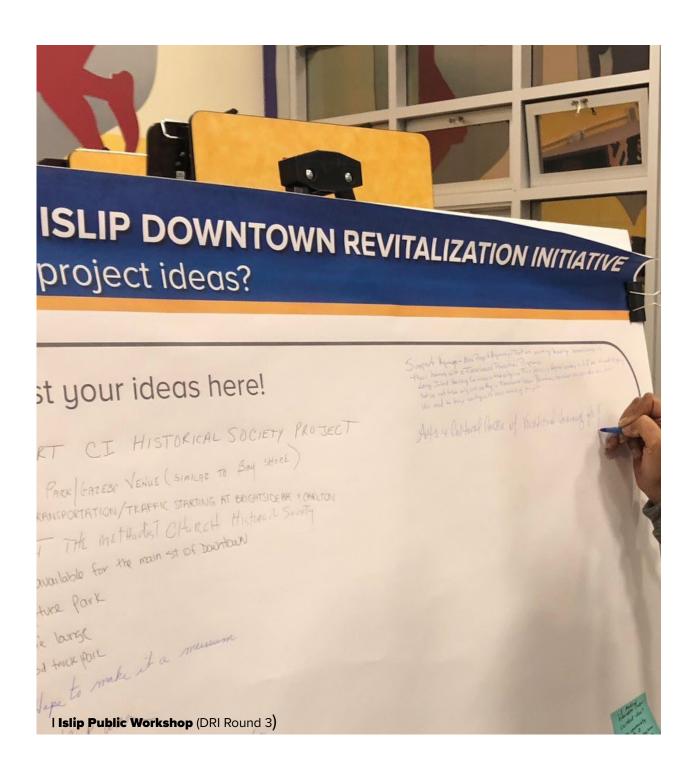
As part of the planning process, the consultant team, with input from the LPC and State team, will plan and facilitate different types of engagement activities intended to engage a broad audience, including hard-to-reach populations (e.g., racial minorities, immigrant populations, lowincome populations, the disability community). More information about each type of required engagement activity are provided in the following sections.

#### Best Practices for Public Event Notification

- Advertise all public events with a variety of media, including flyers, postcards, newspapers, municipal mailings such as water bills, social media, the project website, press releases, and email blasts.
- Post all public events at public locations, including libraries, community centers, farmer's markets, etc.
- Provide at least two weeks notice in advance of every public event.
- Encourage LPC members to share public event notices with their professional networks









## **Local Planning Committee**

#### Overview

As the steering body of the process, the LPC will meet regularly to brainstorm ideas, provide direction to the consultant team, review planning products, discuss potential projects, and prioritize actions. The LPC members, working with the consultant team and State team, will determine the most appropriate meeting schedule to accomplish their goals and to deliver an on-time SIP.

#### **LPC Meetings**

All LPC meetings are encouraged to be in person; however, hybrid or virtual-only meetings may be an option based on local considerations and consultation with the State team. The meetings must be open to the public. The extent to which the public will be able to actively participate in a meeting will depend on the purpose and structure of each LPC meeting. At a minimum, time should be reserved at each LPC meeting for public comment.

In general, LPC meetings will cover the topics outlined in the following list. Please note each community's planning process will differ, and therefore the proposed meeting topics may be adjusted to better meet the specific needs of a community. **LPC Meeting #1.** Topics to be covered during this meeting include:

- Team introductions
- Overview of the DRI/NYF program
- Overview of planning process scope and timeline
- Community's DRI/NYF application
- Confirmation of the DRI/NYF boundary as compact, walkable, and well-defined
- Public engagement and Open Call for Projects
- Stakeholders, various constituent groups, and hard-to-reach populations to engage
- Downtown opportunities and challenges
- Public comment

**LPC Meeting #2.** Topics to be covered during this meeting include:

- Planning process and engagement updates
- Summary of past plans and recent investment
- Overview of characteristics of strong DRI/ NYF projects and slates of projects
- Project evaluation criteria
- Vision and goals for downtown
- Open Call for Projects
- Public comment



#### LOCAL PLANNING COMMITTEE

**LPC Meeting #3.** Topics to be covered during this meeting include:

- Planning process and engagement updates
- Vision, goals, and revitalization strategies for downtown
- Downtown profile key findings/takeaways
- · Project evaluation criteria
- Proposed projects
- Projects to remove from funding consideration, as appropriate
- Proposed boundary amendments that may be needed to incorporate potentially transformative projects
- Public comment

**LPC Meeting #4.** At this point in the planning process, LPC meetings will shift to focus on developing and evaluating the proposed projects. Topics to be covered during this meeting include:

- Planning process and engagement updates
- Project evaluation criteria
- Proposed projects
- Additional project information needed to support decision-making
- Projects to remove from funding consideration, as appropriate
- Public comment

**LPC Meeting #5.** Developing and evaluating the proposed projects will continue at this meeting. Topics to be covered during this meeting include:

- Planning process and engagement updates
- Project evaluation criteria
- Proposed projects
- Additional project information needed to discuss decision-making
- Projects to remove from funding consideration, as appropriate
- Public comment

**LPC Meeting #6.** By the end of this meeting, the LPC should be prepared to finalize the slate of proposed projects recommended for funding. Ideally, only a few projects will need to be removed from consideration at this meeting to arrive at the final slate of projects. Topics to be covered during this meeting include:

- Project evaluation criteria
- Proposed projects
- Projects to remove from funding consideration, as appropriate
- Vote on the final slate of proposed projects
- Public comment



LOCAL PLANNING COMMITTEE

#### **LPC Working Sessions**

The LPC may hold working sessions, as needed, to dig deeper into an issue, sometimes with the help of non-committee members, such as local businesspersons, labor specialists, academic experts, and neighborhood advocates. Working sessions, which need not be open to the public, provide an opportunity for brainstorming and in-depth discussions focused on specific topics or projects. They also allow for better time management at LPC meetings. No decisionmaking may occur during these sessions, and information discussed in these sessions will be reported out at LPC meetings. Though not a requirement of the DRI/NYF planning process, working groups may be developed around any topic, such as public engagement, developing projects, and reviewing and discussing proposed projects.

#### **Roles and Responsibilities**

The LPC is expected to:

- Attend each LPC meeting
- Review all available project materials in advance of each meeting and come prepared for a productive discussion
- Actively participate in dialogue regarding all aspects of the DRI/NYF planning process and project selection
- Help advertise LPC meetings by sharing meeting notifications with colleagues and networks
- Assist in identifying and engaging hard-toreach populations or representatives
- Disclose any actual or perceived conflicts of interest including recusing oneself as they pertain to project development

#### Municipal Representatives are expected to:

- Assist with securing a meeting venue
- Attend each LPC meeting and be prepared to provide information regarding proposed projects sponsored by the municipality
- Help advertise LPC meetings by sharing meeting notifications with the public using municipal outlets

#### The Consultant Team is expected to:

- Lead the planning and preparation for all LPC meetings, including meeting logistics and meeting notifications
- Develop all necessary materials to support LPC meetings and solicit feedback in an engaging, well-informed manner
- Facilitate all meetings
- Set-up and break-down for all meetings
- Develop meeting summaries for all meetings



# SECTION 2.2 LOCAL PLANNING COMMITTEE







# **Public Workshops**

### Overview

The purpose of public workshops is to solicit ideas and feedback from the public regarding various planning topics applicable to the preparation of the SIP. Public workshops may take various forms and include activities such as presentations, open houses, and design charettes. Public workshops should have a complementary online component to allow for the public to provide input outside of workshops. These public workshops are intended to be interactive, and should be held at key milestones during the DRI/NYF planning process.

The following section describes the topics that may be covered at each public workshop. However, please note that the format and content of each public workshop will vary and should be tailored to meet the unique needs of each community.

An additional public workshop may be necessary based on the community needs and interests. The need for and timing of a potential third public workshop will be determined based on consultation with the LPC, State team, the community, and the consultant team.





PUBLIC WORKSHOPS

# **Public Workshops**

**Public Workshop #1.** This should occur between the first and second LPC meetings in order to gather information to help the LPC formulate a final vision statement and goals. Topics to be covered during this meeting include:

- Overview of the DRI/NYF program
- Identification of needs, challenges, and opportunities that impact the DRI/NYF community's revitalization
- Solicitation of project ideas
- An interactive component to solicit feedback on community needs, challenges, and opportunities; and community vision and goals

**Public Workshop #2.** This should occur after the LPC has reviewed all proposed projects in order to inform project development. This event will likely occur around the third or fourth LPC meeting. Topics to be covered during this meeting include:

- Status update of the DRI/NYF process
- Key findings from the downtown profile and assessment
- Description of the community vision statement and goals
- An overview of proposed projects, including an interactive component to solicit public feedback

### **Immersive Engagement**

**Public Workshop #1** should be part of an immersive multi-day series of engagement events at the beginning of the public engagement process. Holding a series of events that may include stakeholder meetings, information sessions, design charettes, DRI/NYF area tours, or pop-up events, among others, at the beginning of the process will help build community trust, educate the public about the DRI/NYF program, and serve as an opportunity to develop and solicit information that will inform the planning process.

The goal of immersive engagement is to ensure that the public is engaged and aware of this transformative planning process and can meaningfully contribute as DRI/NYF will help reshape their community's downtown. Extensive engagement at the beginning and throughout the planning process will help result in a shared and broadly supported vision for downtown, supporting the successful implementation of selected projects and ongoing downtown revitalization. The types of engagement events will be discussed with the LPC, State team, and consultant team to determine what is appropriate for the local context.



PUBLIC WORKSHOPS

**Public Workshop #3**. If a third public workshop is needed, this workshop may occur after the LPC has voted on the final slate of proposed projects, likely following the final LPC meeting. Alternatively, if the LPC would like public input prior to finalizing the slate of proposed projects, this may occur in advance of the final LPC meeting. Topics to be covered during this meeting include:

- An overview of the community's DRI/NYF journey
- A review of the final list of proposed projects recommended by the LPC for inclusion in the SIP
- Next steps regarding project awards and implementation

# **Roles and Responsibilities**

The LPC is expected to:

- Serve as a liaison to the broader community and encourage attendance by helping to advertise meetings and sharing meeting notifications with their colleagues and network
- Advise the consultant team on the appropriate outreach methods and activities
- Actively participate in public workshops

Municipal Representatives are expected to:

- Help coordinate the logistics of public workshops, including venue recommendations
- Help advertise public meetings by sharing meeting notifications with the public using municipal outlets

#### The Consultant Team is expected to:

- Lead the planning and preparation for all public workshops, including development of meeting flyers and other notifications
- Develop all necessary materials to support the public workshop activities and solicit feedback in a fun, interactive manner
- Facilitate the meeting
- Ensure broad and inclusive participation (e.g., providing translation services, conducting outreach to hard-to-reach populations)
- Set-up and break-down the meeting
- Develop a meeting summary for each event



# **Online Engagement**

# Overview

Online engagement — through various webbased and social media platforms — has increasingly become an important and common method for disseminating public information and obtaining feedback. Online engagement should be used in conjunction with varied forms of in-person outreach. An online presence should be established for each DRI/NYF community, as described below.

# **Project Website**

DRI/NYF municipalities are required to have a project-specific website that is maintained for the duration of the planning process. The project website can be a standalone website created and maintained by the consultant team; or it can be dedicated page on a municipality's website, with content prepared by the consultant team. The website is intended to serve as a project portal to disseminate project information, advertise public events, post meeting summaries and presentations, provide a way for the public to provide comments, and provide contact information for project-related questions.

The State also maintains websites with information about the DRI/NYF programs and participating communities:

DRI: <u>https://www.ny.gov/programs/downtown-</u>revitalization-initiative

NYF: <u>https://www.ny.gov/programs/ny-forward</u>

# Social Media

Social media may be used to bolster a DRI/ NYF community's online presence and reach a broader audience in order to disseminate information about the DRI/NYF planning process, upcoming public events, and as an additional platform to encourage public comment. Social media is not required, and its use will depend on local context and needs.

# **Roles and Responsibilities**

The LPC is expected to:

- Identify online platforms that will most effectively engage the local community
- Share social media posts and other online materials with their networks

Municipal Representatives are expected to:

- Identify online platforms that will most effectively engage the local community
- Share social media posts and other online materials with the public using municipal outlets

#### The Consultant Team is expected to:

- Create a project website
- Develop and maintain online content, such as online surveys
- Post regularly to the different online platforms to solicit public input and advertise upcoming meetings





# **Project Website Example**

Are you interested in seeing what a project website looks like? Click here to see the project website for Amityville (DRI Round 5):

www.amityvilledri.com





# **Local Outreach Activities**

# Overview

While all public engagement should be locally tailored, the consultant team should plan and facilitate local outreach activities to engage a broad range of constituents. Local outreach activities are specifically tailored to engage the local community. These activities differ from public workshops in that they are geared toward meeting members of the community where they already are. Every DRI community is required to conduct at least three local outreach activities, and each NYF community is required to conduct at least two local outreach activities.

# What to Expect

Local outreach activities should focus on developing activities that are unique to the community. While all public engagement should take the local context into consideration, local outreach activities should be unique to the individual community and may include activities like setting up a pop-up event at a local festival or school event or holding stakeholder round tables (see the next page for more examples). These activities should be customized to share and solicit relevant information that will inform and advance the DRI/NYF planning process. For example, an activity held at the beginning of the planning process may focus on identifying needs, opportunities, and challenges, visioning activities, or soliciting project ideas. Activities held later in the process may focus on gathering community feedback on the proposed projects.

# **Roles and Responsibilities**

The LPC is expected to:

- Identify existing local events and community meetings where information about the DRI/NYF program can be shared
- Recommend engagement strategies that have been successful in engaging a broad spectrum of the community in the past

#### Municipal Representatives are expected to:

- Identify existing local events and community meetings where information about the DRI/NYF program can be shared
- Recommend engagement strategies that have been successful in engaging a broad spectrum of the community in the past
- Help with event planning and coordination, as needed

#### The Consultant Team is expected to:

- Lead the planning and coordination of all events
- Develop all the materials needed for each event (e.g., large format display boards, brochures, interactive activities, comment cards, sign-in sheets, etc.)
- Facilitate and staff each event
- Set-up and break-down each event



### LOCAL OUTREACH ACTIVITIES

### Examples of Local Outreach Activities

- Public walking tours of the DRI/NYF area and potential projects
- Pop-ups at community events (e.g., farmer's market, festival)
- Social events like a movie night or restaurant crawl to share and gather information
- Presentations at standing community meetings to share information about the DRI/NYF program and solicit input
- Partnering with local businesses to establish a downtown project information center in a high traffic location
- Collaborating with the local school system to host a workshop with students and faculty









SECTION 2.5 LOCAL OUTREACH ACTIVITIES

# **Stakeholder Engagement**

The purpose of stakeholder engagement is to expand awareness about the DRI/NYF planning process, proactively solicit community needs, opportunities, and project ideas, and seek feedback from individuals and groups associated with and/or impacted by the proposed projects. Stakeholder meetings should include targeted outreach to hard-to-reach populations.

Stakeholders should be engaged from the beginning of the planning process with ongoing engagement throughout the entire DRI/NYF planning process to ensure stakeholders are aware of the ongoing planning and project development. Stakeholders to engage with may include the following:

- Community leaders
- Block clubs and other civic groups
- Business owners, Chambers of Commerce, professional organizations
- Organizations working with hard-to-reach populations
- Business improvement districts

- Non-profit organizations
- Cultural and educational institutions (e.g., schools, libraries, museums)
- Special interest groups
- Youth groups
- Municipal staff
- Senior citizen groups





# **Project Identification**

# Overview

The public engagement process is critical for identifying the projects that will help advance the community's vision for downtown revitalization. These projects can be identified in a variety of ways, including from the community's DRI/NYF application, during an Open Call for Projects, through public engagement, or through the planning process as it advances. Projects may be put forth by public, not-for-profit, and private for-profit entities.

# **Project Sourcing**

#### **DRI/NYF** Application

There are various ways to identify projects to be considered for DRI/NYF funding. The initial way to identify projects is from the community's DRI/NYF application, in which the community was asked to identify transformative project opportunities. The sponsors of these opportunities must complete a DRI/NYF Project Form and submit the form to the consultant team.

#### **Open Call for Projects**

Another means of identifying projects is through the Open Call for Projects, a public process that solicits projects from public, not-for-profit, and private project sponsors. The Open Call for Projects should be discussed at the early LPC and public engagement events and should start after the community has established a draft vision for downtown. It will generally be publicized using various outlets in the early months of the planning process. Project sponsors are expected to submit a DRI/ NYF Project Form detailing the project proposal. Project sponsors will have at least four weeks to complete and submit the DRI/NYF Project Form through the Open Call.

#### **Public Engagement**

Public engagement is also an opportunity to identify projects, particularly when engaging the public about community needs and opportunities. The information gathered during public engagement can help inform an existing project proposal or inspire a new project. While projects identified this way may require greater early project development, project sponsors should provide the information requested on the DRI/ NYF Project Form to the consultant team to aid in shaping the proposals into potentially viable projects.

#### Other

As the planning process advances, new projects may come to light. While these projects may form at a different stage in the planning process than other projects, they will be expected to develop and provide the same information as requested from all other projects.

All submitted project proposals will be reviewed by the LPC and publicly discussed during an LPC meeting.

# Impacts to the DRI/NYF Boundary

The project identification process may result in the identification of projects that are adjacent or proximate to the boundary confirmed by the



PROJECT IDENTIFICATION

LPC. The LPC has the ability to recommend and approve minor boundary adjustments to incorporate a project, or projects, that they believe are compelling and support the vision of the DRI/NYF area. These instances should be limited to transformative downtown projects that will advance the goals of the DRI/ NYF area.

# **Support for Project Sponsors**

In support of project identification, the consultant team will be available to assist project sponsors as they complete the DRI/NYF Project Form and with other project development activities, as needed. Potential options for assistance include hosting a public information session, holding open office hours for project sponsors, or conducting one-on-one assistance with a project sponsor.

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### Considerations for Potential Project Sponsors

Considering submitting a proposed project for LPC consideration? Here are a few things to think about prior to submitting your project:

- Do you have a preliminary project budget?
- Do you own the property or do you have site control/permission to implement the proposed project?
- Have you identified any environmental constraints and/or regulatory issues/needs that may affect the project?
- Do you have a business plan?

See <u>Section 5.0: Project Development</u> for detailed information regarding project eligibility and development.

# **Roles and Responsibilities**

The LPC is expected to:

- Assist in publicizing public engagement events and the Open Call for Projects in the community through networks and colleagues
- Serve as a liaison to the broader community and share information about DRI/NYF with potential project sponsors

Municipal Representatives are expected to:

- Identify and develop public improvement projects to submit for LPC consideration
- Help advertise the public engagement events and the Open Call for Projects to the community by using municipal outlets

#### The Consultant Team is expected to:

- Support project sponsors with the completion of the DRI/NYF Project Form
- Hold technical assistance opportunities for project sponsors such as office hours or public information sessions
- Conduct outreach to share information about the Open Call for Projects and solicit project proposals
- Work with the municipality to develop public improvement projects

# Downtown Profile and Assessment

# In this Section:

SECTION 3.1

**Purpose and Schedule** 

SECTION 3.2

**Best Practices** 

SECTION 3.3

**Required Components** 





# **Purpose and Schedule**

The downtown profile and assessment tells a clear and concise story of the Downtown Revitalization Initiative or NY Forward community — where it is today, how it got there, and where it is going — and provides the logical basis for project recommendations.

### Purpose

Working closely with municipal representatives and the State team, the consultant team will develop a downtown profile and assessment for each Downtown Revitalization Initiative (DRI) or NY Forward (NYF) community. The downtown profile and assessment shall consist of a clear, concise, and compelling narrative that articulates the story of the downtown, its relationship to the surrounding region, and its future potential.

The downtown profile and assessment should be a highly visual document that allows the reader to quickly and easily understand why a particular community is prime for revitalization, while also providing the logical basis for project identification and selection. The required components of the downtown profile and assessment are defined in Section 3.3 and include the following topics:

- Description of the study area
- Demographic snapshot
- Regional and historic context
- · Related recent plans and investments
- Physical setting
- Economic context
- Housing assessment
- Key observations

### **DRI/NYF Boundary**

As part of the DRI/NYF application process, each community clearly identified the boundary of the downtown area where it proposes to focus its planning efforts. These boundaries define concentrated, walkable areas and may range from a corridor to a few blocks of a neighborhood or arts district to the municipality's traditional central business district.

In addition to defining the eligible project area, this boundary also establishes the geographic focus for the downtown profile and assessment. Any changes made to the boundary will impact the data collected and presented in the downtown profile and assessment.

The DRI/NYF boundary will be confirmed or adjusted during Local Planning Committee (LPC) Meeting #1. Slight modifications, for which there is a strong justification, may be made to the boundary during the planning process, subject to State approval. However, communities are encouraged to limit boundary adjustments to the early phases of the planning process, as changes to the boundary can have cascading effects on other project deliverables, including the downtown profile and assessment.



PURPOSE AND SCHEDULE

# Schedule

The graphic to the right defines key milestones related to the development and refinement of the downtown profile and assessment over the course of the planning process.

- A complete draft of the downtown profile and assessment will be generated by the consultant team during the early months of the planning process.
- As projects are identified and developed, additional analyses (e.g., a housing market analysis) may be required to better understand specific local or regional challenges. The consultant team will conduct these custom analyses and incorporate the findings into the downtown profile and assessment during the project development phase.
- Towards the end of the planning process, consultant teams will revisit and update the downtown profile and assessment to document any additional opportunities and/ or challenges uncovered during project development and the planning process as a whole.

The downtown profile and assessment is intended to be a living document throughout the planning process. Although a full draft should be complete prior to the third LPC meeting, updates and refinements will be made throughout the planning process to ensure the downtown profile and assessment truly reflects the unique conditions, needs, and opportunities of each DRI/NYF community.





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SECTION 3.2

# **Best Practices**

# Developing a Strong Downtown Profile and Assessment

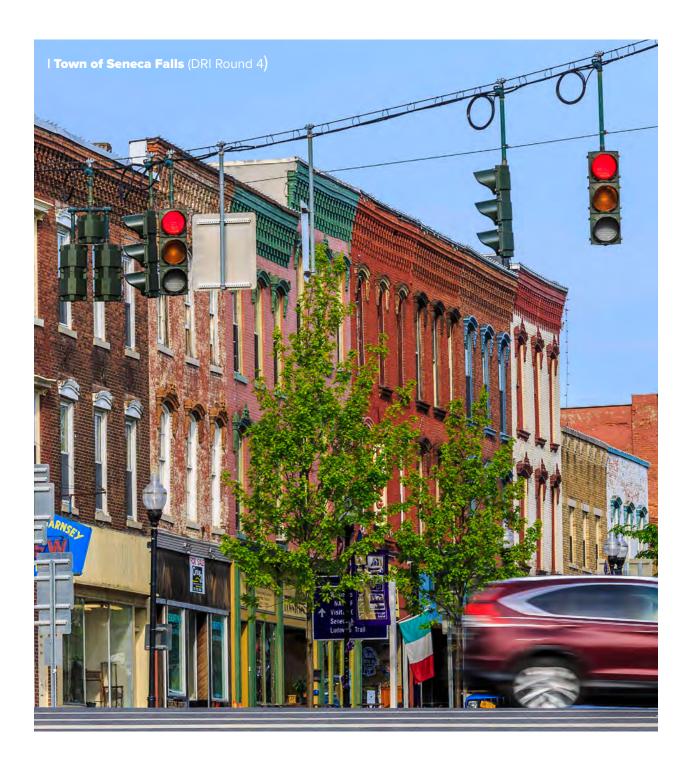
A strong downtown profile and assessment:

- Concisely tells the story of the community by using a combination of maps, diagrams, photographs, and other visuals to help the reader quickly understand the downtown area's context and its potential.
- Provides a strong analytical understanding of trends, opportunities, and challenges and lays the foundation for the development of revitalization strategies.
- Clearly relates all data and analysis back to the community's revitalization efforts (i.e., if there is no clear link between a piece of information and the community's revitalization potential, it's probably not necessary).
- Is an on-the-ground perspective of the community established through site visits and local insights, that provides greater context and understanding than a data and desktop review.
- Provides a logical basis for the recommended projects. Proposed projects should connect to or address some of the trends, opportunities, and challenges presented in the downtown profile and assessment.
- Avoids jargon and is written in a style accessible to the general public.

# The Downtown Profile and Assessment <u>Does Not</u>...

- Provide a full inventory of all conditions. Rather, it only highlights the conditions most relevant to achieving a community's downtown revitalization goals.
- **Present information in a vacuum.** Data and other information should be presented as part of a larger narrative that provides insight into the community and its future potential.
- Limit data and analysis to the DRI/ NYF area. While the DRI/NYF area provides the geographic focus for the downtown profile and assessment, regional trends, transportation connections, destinations, and anchor employers/institutions should be considered. The DRI/ NYF area does not exist in isolation. Regional connections critical to the downtown's revitalization should be clearly identified and described.







# **Required Components**

# Overview

The downtown profile and assessment should be customized to each DRI/NYF community and organized in a way that clearly and effectively tells the story of each downtown area, including its strengths, challenges, and future potential. The downtown profile and assessment should be concise and targeted, and all information presented needs to clearly relate to the downtown's revitalization efforts.

The downtown profile and assessment is also expected to be a well-integrated mix of photographs, infographics, maps, diagrams, and narrative. All visuals should support the text and help the reader quickly distill key findings.

### **Minimum Requirements**

At a minimum, each downtown profile and assessment must address the topics described below.

#### **Study Area/Boundary Description**

This section provides an overview of the DRI/ NYF boundary, which serves as the primary study area for the downtown profile and assessment. In addition to describing the study area's general character, this section also highlights the regional context and significant features, such as roadways, landmarks, and/or environmental features.

#### **Demographic Snapshot**

This section provides a snapshot of the community's socio-demographic characteristics, including comparisons between the study area, the municipality, and potentially the larger region (e.g., county). This section is intended to introduce the downtown in a quick and easyto-understand way. This section may include relevant data such as:

- Population/population trends
- Age
- Income
- Employment
- Poverty (may also include the delineation of Potential Environmental Justice and/or Disadvantaged Communities)
- Educational attainment
- Household tenure
- Other pertinent topics

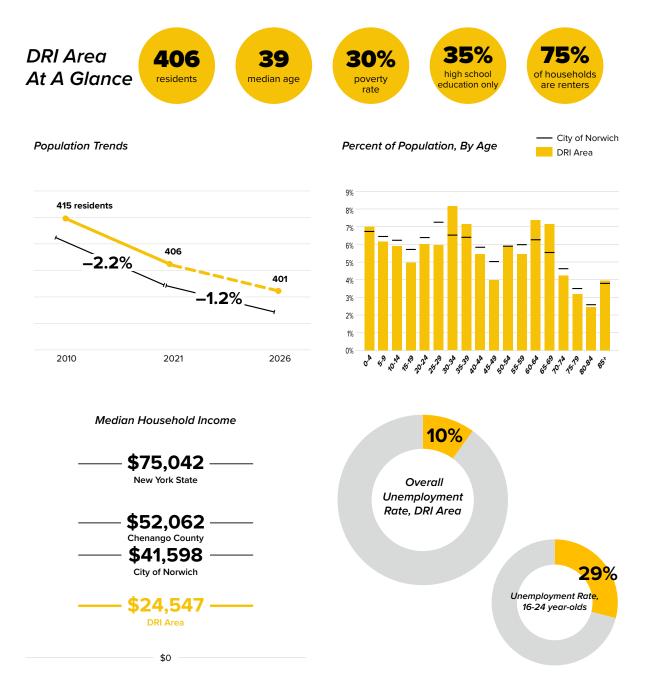
#### **Regional and Historic Context**

This section provides a brief overview of the community's historical context — including defining events and how it has changed over time — the features and services that make it unique, and its relationship to the surrounding region and State as a whole. This section will also clearly identify regional connections that are critical to sustaining a high quality of life in the downtown area (e.g., access to airports and other transportation hubs, employment centers, healthcare, etc.). The information in this section should be relevant to informing downtown revitalization efforts.





I Representative Demographic Snapshot Infographic from the Norwich DRI Downtown Profile and Assessment (DRI Round 5)





**REQUIRED COMPONENTS** 

#### **Recent Plans and Investment**

This section provides a concise narrative of major initiatives undertaken within or adjacent to the DRI/NYF boundary that directly support the revitalization of the study area, such as comprehensive plans, corridor studies, small area plans, Brownfield Opportunity Area and Local Waterfront Revitalization plans, parks and open space plans, and economic development initiatives. The updated REDC priorities found in the regional strategic plans should be included in this section. Key findings and recommendations related to the area's downtown revitalization efforts should be summarized for each plan and initiative. This section should also describe recent public and private investments made within or adjacent to the DRI/NYF area that directly advance the downtown's revitalization. The attributes of each investment (e.g., project name and brief description, amount, funding source) will be organized in a table, and if possible shown on a map.



#### I Representative Recent Private Investment Map from the Chinatown DRI Downtown Profile and Assessment (DRI Round 5)



**REQUIRED COMPONENTS** 

#### **Physical Setting**

This section is intended to give the reader a clear sense of the study area by describing its physical and regulatory context. Maps, diagrams, photographs, and other visuals should be thoughtfully integrated into this section to clearly illustrate concepts and findings described in the narrative.

The topics addressed in this section should be tailored to the community and will therefore vary between each DRI/NYF community. Only topics with the greatest relevance and significance to the study area and its revitalization should be addressed. Potential topics include:

- Environmental context (e.g., topography, flood hazard areas, unique habitats)
- Resilience (e.g., relevant ordinances and/ or plans, lessons learned from flood vulnerability, heat vulnerability)
- Built environment (e.g., architectural style, streetscape character and connectivity, transit-oriented development, building scale, block sizes)
- Vacant and underutilized sites
- Existing land use
- Zoning and/or design standards
- Infrastructure systems (e.g., broadband, water supply and sewer infrastructure and capacity, energy)
- Transportation networks (e.g., street hierarchies, pedestrian circulation, parking, public transit, rail, active multi-modal trails)
- Public spaces (e.g., parks, plaza, open spaces)
- Historic, cultural, and artistic assets

#### **Economic Context**

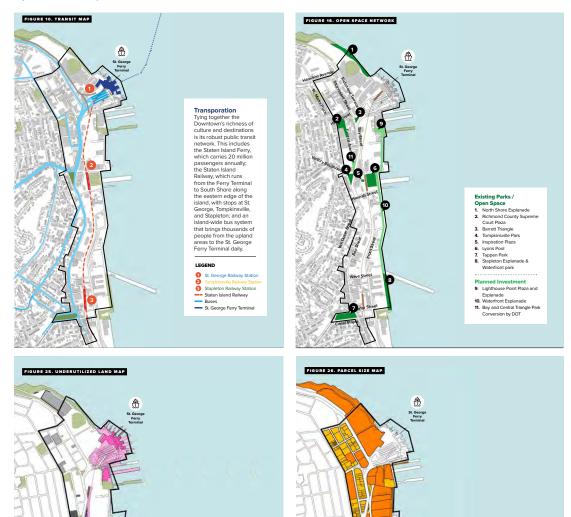
The downtown profile and assessment must include a section that succinctly characterizes economic trends and opportunities for the region, municipality, trade catchment area, and the downtown. This economic overview should be verified with data and insights gathered from local stakeholders and development and real estate professionals. This section should also clearly identify local assets, growth opportunities, constraints, and strategies for spurring local economic development. Focused market analyses related to the identified opportunities and constraints may be necessary, especially if more detailed information is needed to understand a specific sector (e.g., tourism, office, commercial, etc.) and how it intersects with downtown revitalization. More specific analyses completed in support of proposed projects may also be summarized here.

Findings from this section, particularly those with a direct connection to a community's revitalization, should also be integrated in the following section, "Key Observations."



# SECTION 3.3 REQUIRED COMPONENTS

#### I Representative Map Series Describing the Physical Setting of Staten Island's DRI Area (DRI Round 4)



LEGE

Industrial Transit / Utility Vacant Parking & Other LEGEND

Small Lots Big Lots

7 -1



**REQUIRED COMPONENTS** 

#### **Housing Assessment**

The downtown profile and assessment must include an assessment of the housing in the community, specifically its downtown. This section should include a broad review of community needs and issues pertinent to housing, supported by relevant quantitative and qualitative data as well as a brief analysis of barriers to housing development and supply(e.g., zoning, cost, lack of developable land, shortterm rentals, etc.), with a focus on the DRI/ NYF area. This section is not intended to be an exhaustive housing analysis; however, it should include a high-level summary of challenges and opportunities that would advance residential development in and around the DRI/NYF area.

#### **Key Observations**

Concluding the downtown profile and assessment should be a key observations section, which is a synthesis of trends, challenges, and opportunities, and how these findings are relevant to downtown revitalization. This section will likely reference information from other sections in the downtown profile and assessment and may introduce new data and information which clearly highlights the key observations. This section should seamlessly weave together data and information to provide a clear image of the key observations about the community and downtown that are relevant for downtown revitalization. These key observations should also lay the foundation for the development of revitalization strategies and the identification of proposed projects.

# j

# Using the Downtown Profile and Assessment to Inform Project Recommendations

The downtown profile and assessment should be clearly related to a downtown's vision, goals, and revitalization strategies and recommended projects. For example, in the Watkins Glen SIP (Round 2), the downtown profile and assessment identified long-term housing availability as a critical issue. It provided a summary of existing housing types, recent housing assessments and developments, and summarized a real estate market analysis that delved into residential inventory, vacancies, and rents. This information helped shape the community's revitalization strategies and recommended projects that focused on providing high-quality, year-round housing for current and future residents.

# Vision, Goals, and Revitalization Strategies

# In this Section:

SECTION 4.1

**Purpose and Schedule** 

SECTION 4.2

**Required Components** 





# **Purpose and Schedule**

The community's vision, goals, and revitalization strategies for the downtown are intended to be ambitious as well as illustrative of the future that can be achieved through the implementation of the Downtown Revitalization Initiative or NY Forward program and subsequent investment. Each community's vision, goals, and strategies for the downtown should be informed by robust community engagement, respond to the needs and opportunities identified in the downtown profile and assessment, and guide decisionmaking related to future development and investment in the community.

### Purpose

As part of the DRI/NYF application, communities were required to provide a brief statement of their vision for downtown revitalization. Early in the planning process, the Local Planning Committee (LPC) will review the initial vision and make modifications to best reflect the unique characteristics of the community and incorporate public feedback gathered during the public workshops and other forms of local engagement.

In support of the community's vision, goals and revitalization strategies will also be established. Goals should be detailed, attainable, and action-oriented, and they should be paired with measurable revitalization strategies that will guide the implementation of the DRI/NYF program. Each community's vision statement and supporting goals and strategies should incorporate, as appropriate, the fundamental goals of the DRI/NYF program which can be found in <u>Section 1.2: Introduction to the DRI and</u> <u>NYF Programs</u> of this guidebook.

### Vision, Goals, and Revitalization Strategies Defined

#### VISION

What will the community look like in 5–7 years? The vision statement provides a guiding framework for the DRI/NYF community's Strategic Investment Plan and decision-making regarding future development and investment in the community.

#### GOALS

How will the community attain its vision? Goals are clear statements of what needs to be accomplished to move towards the DRI/NYF vision.

#### **REVITALIZATION STRATEGIES**

What steps must be taken to achieve a specific goal? Strategies are discrete, measurable actions required to achieve a goal.



PURPOSE AND SCHEDULE

# Schedule

The graphic to the right defines key milestones related to the development and refinement of the community's vision, goals, and revitalization strategies over the course of the planning process.

- The identification of strengths, opportunities, and challenges and the results from visioning exercises from the first LPC meeting and the first public workshop will help refine the vision statement originally presented in the community's DRI/NYF application.
- At LPC Meeting #2, the LPC should consider feedback from early public engagement events and establish a draft vision and goals for downtown.
- The refined vision, goals, and strategies should be presented and discussed at LPC Meeting #3. Corresponding revitalization strategies supporting the vision and goals should also be discussed.
- Minor adjustments to the strategies may be made during the project development phase of the process to better reflect the proposed projects.

The community's vision, goals, and revitalization strategies play an important role in guiding project identification, development, and evaluation. Therefore, each community's vision and goals should be near-final by LPC Meeting #2, in advance of the official launch of the Open Call for Projects. The vision and goals should be finalized, and the revitalization strategies should be near-final by LPC Meeting #3, which is when the planning process pivots to focus on project development and evaluation.





# **Required Components**

# Overview

As previously noted, the vision, goals, and revitalization strategies are intended to reflect each community's unique local conditions and provide a strong framework for long-term revitalization. Specifically, the vision, goals, and strategies should directly respond to the key findings and observations synthesized in the downtown profile and assessment and provide the evaluative framework for assessing proposed projects under consideration for DRI/ NYF funding.

In addition, the vision, goals, and strategies will be critical during the latter half of the planning process as they guide the identification, evaluation, and selection of proposed projects.

# **Minimum Requirements**

The vision, goals, and revitalization strategies must be clearly presented in the SIP, with general guidance and representative examples provided on the following pages.

#### Vision

The consultant team will support the LPC in reviewing and refining the vision statement included in the community's DRI/NYF application.

The vision statement should:

- Be future-focused and clearly define how the community would like to see itself in the next five to seven years;
- Be inspiring, aspirational, and ambitious for long-term revitalization;
- Be reflective of the unique nature of the DRI/NYF community and the catalytic impacts DRI/NYF funding will have on the community's downtown;
- Incorporate a diversity of voices through terms, ideas, and statements identified through public engagement;
- Be concise, accessible to all readers, and avoid jargon;
- Avoid metrics;
- Reflect consensus across community sectors;
- Be general enough not to be affected by short term changes; and
- Be locally-specific and not easily transferable to another community.

The next page is an example of a strong vision statement from Newark DRI Round 5.



SECTION 4.2 REQUIRED COMPONENTS

I **Example of a Strong Vision Statement from the Newark DRI Vision, Goals, and Revitalization Strategies** (DRI Round 5)

"Downtown Newark and the Erie Canal District will be a cultural and commercial center to the Finger Lakes region, serving regional residents, workers, and guests with unique urban vibrancy, blending downtown with the beauty of the surrounding rural landscape and the Erie Canal. As the heartbeat of a lively, world-class Village, downtown serves as a destination for those seeking to live in a unique setting, shop, and work in a vibrant commercial center, and visit a community reflective and central to all that the Finger Lakes has to offer."

# Why this is a Strong Vision Statement

- Future-focused
- Context-specific (e.g., Erie Canal, Finger Lakes)
- Avoids jargon / words not meaningful to the DRI area



REQUIRED COMPONENTS

#### Goals

In support of the vision statement and with community feedback, the consultant team will develop a series of goals designed to achieve the community's vision for downtown revitalization. The consultant team will work closely with the LPC to develop and refine these goals; the goals must be responsive to public feedback received throughout the planning process.

The goals of the DRI/NYF community should be:

- Realistic;
- · Clear and well-defined; and
- Aligned with and supportive of the community's vision.

#### **Revitalization Strategies**

Based on the vision and goals, findings from the downtown profile and assessment, and public feedback, the consultant team shall guide the LPC in the development of creative and ambitious strategies to direct future development and investment in the downtown area. Each goal should be paired with several action-oriented strategies that are locally specific.

The revitalization strategies should:

- Be actionable statements that are specific and have local context;
- Be derived from the opportunities and challenges identified in the downtown profile;
- Relate to the proposed DRI/NYF projects;
- Clearly and concisely direct a type of action to help meet a specific goal; and
- Guide the community on how to continue revitalization beyond DRI/NYF projects.

### What to Avoid

The following should be avoided during the development of the community's vision, goals, and revitalization strategies:

- Restating a description of the community today
- · Developing unattainable actions, especially those not tied to the DRI/NYF area
- Using vague language that could relate to anywhere



# SECTION 4.2 REQUIRED COMPONENTS

#### I Example of Strong Goals and Revitalization Strategies from the Syracuse DRI (Round 5)

The goals are very specific and the strategies clearly state how to achieve the goals.

#### Goal | Improve the vibrancy of commercial and residential real estate in the Southwest Gateway.

- Redevelop properties to maximize utilization of vacant or outdated structures and create additional commercial activity throughout the Southwest Gateway.
- Invest in new development, particularly infill development, to support a diverse array of uses that would help residents (e.g., pharmacies, wellness facilities) and attract people from outside the areas (e.g., food and music venues).
- Support facade improvements to buildings along the Southwest Gateway's primary commercial corridors.

#### Goal | Help small business retain and attract new customers.

- Invest in small mom and pop businesses eager to upgrade their buildings / facades that contribute to the vibrancy of the district.
- Promote small businesses in the Southwest Gateway, helping customers to identify and visit related businesses in the area.

#### Goal | Attract a diverse community to the Southwest Gateway.

- Create additional housing across the income spectrum, particularly affordable units, to attract new residents and improve the housing stock.
- Develop and execute a marketing plan for the Southwest Gateway to engage new investors, businesses, potential residents, and visitors.
- Support public art murals along West Onondaga Street and other key locations in the Southwest Gateway.
- Support of spectrum of small businesses that vary in the services they offer and the people they serve.

# Goal | Cultivate a walkable, vibrant streetscape that is environmentally-friendly and connected to Armory Square

- Encourage pedestrian activity by adding lighting and improving streetscapes, particularly at crosswalks.
- ✓ Increase transit mobility by adding infrastructure improvements that support the use of bikes, scooters, and electric vehicles.

#### Goal | Enhance the quality of life in the Southwest Gateway.

- Improve public spaces and rights-of-way along business corridors to increase the area's attractiveness and provide additional quality of life amenities for residents, employees, and visitors.
- Encourage the frequent use of parks through improved infrastructure and additional activities.
- ✓ Support the development of outdoor vendor spaces.

# **Project Development**

# In this Section:

 SECTION 5.1
 Purpose and Schedule

 SECTION 5.2
 Project Types and Requirements

 SECTION 5.3
 Project Development



**Project Profiles** 

SECTION 5.5

Finalizing the Slate of Proposed Projects



# **Purpose and Schedule**

Proposed projects seeking Downtown Revitalization Initiative or NY Forward funding should catalyze future downtown revitalization, further the community's vision and goals, and benefit a growing downtown.

### Purpose

As part of the Strategic Investment Plan (SIP), communities should identify transformative projects that may be realized with an investment of Downtown Revitalization Initiative (DRI) or NY Forward (NYF) funds. It is expected DRI/ NYF funds will be used for capital projects that will transform the physical environment of the downtown in ways that will benefit current residents and future generations. However, certain non-capital projects that may lead to capital investment will also be considered to the extent that they will contribute to the revitalization of the downtown and are consistent with the community's vision, goals, and revitalization strategies.

Project identification, development, and evaluation by the Local Planning Committee comprises a substantial portion of the planning process. The project development phase is fast-paced and collaborative; it requires that project sponsors, the consultant team, and the Local Planning Committee (LPC) be engaged in a process that will result in a slate of recommended projects, which will help the community progress toward its vision of a revitalized downtown.



I **Example of a Proposed Project Rendering** (Little Falls Round 5)



PURPOSE AND SCHEDULE

# Schedule

The graphic to the right identifies key milestones related to the identification, development, and refinement of proposed projects over the course of the planning process.

- Public engagement and the Open Call for Projects should occur during the early months of the planning process to inform the community about the opportunity to submit proposed projects for the LPC's consideration.
- Projects received in the early months of the process will be presented at LPC Meeting #3. At LPC Meeting #3, the LPC will begin discussing and refining the list of proposed projects.
- Following LPC Meeting #3, the consultant team will work closely with project sponsors and the LPC to develop projects, conduct site visits, and identify information needs. During this period, the LPC will also be discussing and evaluating projects as they narrow the list into a final slate of projects.
- At the final LPC Meeting, a final slate of proposed projects will be identified for inclusion in the SIP. Project profiles may be further refined for inclusion in the SIP as it is compiled.

 Begin Public Engagement, LPC Meetings, and Stakeholder Meetings

In Hold Open Call for Projects

 ☑ Initial List of Proposed Projects is Presented and Reviewed at LPC Meeting #3

 Refined List of Proposed Projects is Presented and Reviewed at LPC Meeting #4

 Refined List of Proposed Projects is Presented and Reviewed at LPC Meeting #5

Final Slate of Projects
 Recommended for DRI/NYF
 Funding to be Identified at LPC
 Meeting #6

☑ Submit Final Project Profiles as Part of the Strategic Investment Plan



# **Project Types and Requirements**

### Overview

This planning process is designed to encourage creative and innovative approaches to downtown revitalization, resulting in a list of projects, including projects that were contemplated in the community's DRI/NYF application and others that arose during the process. DRI and NYF fund a wide variety of capital projects, which generally fall into the following categories under Eligible Project Types.

# **Eligible Project Types**

New Development and/or Rehabilitation
 of Existing Downtown Buildings.

Projects in this category may include the development or redevelopment of real property for mixed-use, commercial, residential, not-for-profit, or public uses. All projects should be capital investments or should lead to capital investments. They should have a visible and functional impact on the downtown, serving as catalytic or transformative projects that will provide employment opportunities, housing choices, and/or services for the community. Proposals to construct or rehabilitate parking facilities will only be considered if they directly support new development in the downtown area. • Public Improvement Projects. These may include projects such as streetscape and transportation improvements, recreational trails, wayfinding signage, new and upgraded parks, plazas, public art, green infrastructure, and other public realm projects that will contribute to the revitalization of the downtown.



I Example of a Completed Park Project (Watkins Glen Round 2)



### PROJECT TYPES AND REQUIREMENTS

- Small Project Fund. A locally managed matching small project fund may be proposed to undertake a range of smaller downtown projects such as facade enhancements, building renovation improvements to commercial or mixeduse spaces, business assistance, or public art. Funds are capped at \$600,000 for DRI communities and \$300,000 for NYF communities. However, a NYF community can receive up to \$600,000 if there is substantial demand demonstrated for a Small Project Fund.
- Branding and Marketing. Downtown branding and marketing projects that may target residents, investors, developers, tourists, and/or visitors are eligible projects. The costs eligible under this category must be one-time expenses, such as those to develop associated materials.
   Ongoing operational costs, such as funding a downtown manager or maintaining a website, are not eligible for DRI/NYF funding.

# **Ineligible Activities**

There are few restrictions on the use of DRI/NYF funds other than the requirement that proposed projects are largely capital in nature, can be implemented quickly, and as a whole, have a transformational impact on the downtown. However, a few specific activities have been identified as ineligible for DRI/NYF funds and should not be included in projects proposed for DRI/NYF funding. These ineligible activities include:

- Standalone planning activities. Following the preparation of the Strategic Investment Plan (SIP), all DRI/NYF funds must be used for projects that directly implement the plan.
- Operations and maintenance. DRI/NYF funds cannot be used for ongoing or routine expenses, such as staff salaries and wages, rent, utilities, and property upkeep.
- **Pre-award costs.** Reimbursement for costs incurred before the completion of the SIP and the announcement of funding awards is not permitted.
- Property acquisition. The cost of property acquisition can be included in the overall project budget, but the acquisition must be funded by another funding source.
- Training and other program expenses. The DRI and NYF programs are a one-time infusion of funds and cannot be used to cover continuous costs, such as training costs and expenses related to existing programs.



PROJECT TYPES AND REQUIREMENTS

## **Project Requirements**

The DRI/NYF programs are designed to fund transformational projects that have the potential to create an immediate, positive effect on a community's downtown. Projects recommended for DRI/NYF funding in the SIP should meet the following requirements:

- **Timing.** Projects must be able to break ground within two years or sooner of receiving DRI/NYF funding.
- Project Size and Scale. Projects must be large enough to be truly transformative for the downtown area. Standalone DRI/NYF projects must be at least \$75,000 in total project cost.\* Projects less than \$75,000 can be submitted through this process as demonstration of demand for a Small Project Fund.
- **Project Sponsors.** Every project must have an identified project sponsor. Sponsors may be public, not-for-profit, or private entities with the capacity and legal authority to undertake the proposed project.
- **Financing.** Projects should have financing commitments largely secured or be able to demonstrate a clear path to securing sufficient financing. This financing, combined with DRI/NYF funding, should enable the sponsor to undertake the project expeditiously.
- Matching and Leverage. For projects with a private sponsor, there is a minimum match requirement of 25% of the total project cost.\*\* There is no minimum match

requirement for public or not-for-profit projects. However, the LPC may impose additional match requirements as part of the planning process for all project types. For a small project fund, matching requirements must be no less than 25% of the total cost per project.

- Site Control. The project sponsor must have site control or be in the process of acquiring site control. If the project sponsor is leasing or renting the proposed project site, the property owner must agree to the proposed project in writing.
- Reimbursement. Any DRI/NYF funding provided for projects will be made available on a reimbursement basis only after expenses are incurred or in some cases, after a project has been successfully completed in its entirety. Project sponsors will be expected to demonstrate financial capacity to complete the project while awaiting reimbursement.

# Non-DRI/NYF Leverage

It is strongly encouraged that all projects, especially private projects, leverage non-DRI or NYF funds. DRI and NYF project funds are best used to fill funding gaps and facilitate other investment.

\*A project may be exempt from the \$75,000 minimum project cost under special circumstances. This exemption can only be sought after consultation with the consultant and State team.

\*\*A private project may be exempt from the 25% minimum match requirement under special circumstances.. This exemption can only be sought after consultation with the consultant and State team.



### PROJECT TYPES AND REQUIREMENTS

- Building Decarbonization. For DRI/NYF communities, all public, private, and not-forprofit projects that meet the criteria for new construction, substantial renovation, or a building addition shall include decarbonization techniques. Each of these projects will select a method demonstrating that the project satisfies the program decarbonization requirements, called the compliance path. Technical assistance regarding decarbonization strategies will be provided to project sponsors by NYSERDA and its consultants.
  - The following projects are required to comply with the decarbonization standards:
    - New construction and building addition projects > 5,000 SF
    - Substantial renovation projects > 5,000
       SF and other renovation criteria
  - Projects meeting these criteria are required to follow one of the compliance pathways listed below:
    - Meet the New York State Stretch Energy Code, regardless of local adoption of the code
    - Obtain an Energy Star score of 90 or better using EPA's Target Finder Calculator
    - Obtain a certification from an approved third-party organization, such as Energy Star, LEED, etc.
  - Because decarbonization improves building performance and energy efficiency and reduces operating costs, projects are encouraged to implement decarbonization techniques even if they do not meet the threshold criteria. These projects will also receive the same technical assistance for decarbonization as provided to those DRI/ NYF projects that are required to comply.

# **Building Decarbonization**

As New York strives to reduce greenhouse gas emissions, decarbonizing buildings is a key component of the state's strategy. Decarbonizing buildings occurs by making equipment and systems in new construction and existing buildings more energy efficient and powered by emissions-free sources. The DRI and NYF programs support this effort by suggesting decarbonization strategies for individual buildings as well as requiring that certain DRI/NYF building projects meet decarbonization standards.

### Benefits of Building Decarbonization

- Promotes healthier and safer buildings with improved indoor air quality, which improves overall health and enhances cognitive functioning
- Reduces utility bills by making buildings
   more energy efficient
- Increases resilience of buildings by using techniques to increase energy efficiency and generate and store power locally.
- Improves community health by improving outdoor air quality through reduced carbon emissions
- Supports local job creation through the design and installation of energyefficiency measures
- Helps achieve the State's goals for carbon emissions reduction in accordance with the New York Climate Leadership and Community Protection Act.



# **Project Development**

### Overview

Given the diverse ways that project proposals are identified as described in <u>Section 2.6: Project</u> <u>Identification</u>, projects arrive to the process in different stages of development ranging from ideas to fully-formed proposals with clear budgets and design concepts. The project development portion of the DRI/NYF planning process is designed to first assist project sponsors with determining if the project is viable for DRI/ NYF funding. Project viability can be affected by various factors, including but not limited to ineligibility, or lack of project sponsor, financing, site control, or readiness.

If a project is viable, this process shifts to the consultant team working with project sponsors to refine a project so the project can meet State standards and be ready for implementation if selected for inclusion in the final slate of projects. During this portion of the process and guided by the requirements listed in <u>Section 5:4: Project</u> <u>Profiles</u>, project sponsors and the consultant team work together to develop budgets, project justifications, and concept designs, among other project components.

While the consultant team may provide significant technical support to project sponsors (e.g., rendering development, planning level cost estimates, development of project profiles, etc.), it is critical that project sponsors communicate frequently with the consultant team and provide necessary project information in a timely manner. The consultant team, in close coordination with the State team, will also be responsible for helping project sponsors understand the requirements of the DRI/NYF grant funds, which are structured as reimbursable grants.

## **Roles and Responsibilities**

The Consultant Team is expected to:

- Coordinate, schedule, and facilitate meetings with all project sponsors
- Conduct a site visit with each viable project sponsor at the proposed project site
- Conduct ongoing meetings, as needed, to develop and refine proposed projects
- Answer questions and facilitate ongoing meetings, as needed, to discuss the DRI/ NYF program, eligible project activities, and a project sponsor's capacity to implement the proposed project and ensure its longterm success
- Coordinate NYSERDA technical assistance, as needed, based on the proposed project type and scope
- Develop project profiles, including conceptual renderings and cost estimates

#### Project Sponsors are expected to:

- Clearly define the project's purpose and scope and how it relates to the community's vision, goals, and strategies
- Work closely with the consultant team to provide the necessary information to support the development of the project profile, including a detailed scope of work, cost estimates, and renderings
- Provide information in a timely manner to enable review and evaluation by the LPC



PROJECT DEVELOPMENT

SECTION 5.3





# **Project Profiles**

# Overview

The project profile is a description of the proposed project that includes all relevant information needed to evaluate the project in the context of downtown revitalization. The profile is the documentation of the project development and refinement process. The project profiles, which are developed for each proposed project, are the primary content generated during the planning process.

Each project profile should be able to stand on its own and should contain all the information needed to evaluate it in the context of the community's downtown revitalization effort. The content of each project profile is expected to evolve throughout the planning process, with the final project profiles providing the level of detail needed to move quickly from evaluation to funding and, if awarded, to implementation. Each SIP should include project profiles for all projects that would advance the community's vision for downtown revitalization.

# **Roles and Responsibilities**

The LPC is expected to:

- Review project profiles as they are made available and come to each LPC meeting prepared to discuss the proposed projects
- Identify additional information and/or desired project elements needed to keep the project in consideration for DRI/NYF funding

#### Project Sponsors are expected to:

 Work closely with the consultant team to provide necessary information in a timely manner to support the consultant team's development of the project profile

#### The Consultant Team is expected to:

- Draft and finalize all content, renderings, photographs, and/or graphics required for the project profiles
- Work closely with project sponsors and the LPC to obtain and develop the necessary information and data to support the development of the project profiles



**PROJECT PROFILES** 

# **Project Profile Contents**

Each project profile is required to address the following topics. Below are instructions for how to address that topic for each project as well as examples of how that topic could be successfully covered in a project profile.

#### **Project Title**

The project title must begin with an actionoriented statement and should succinctly describe the "what" and "where." Project titles must:

- Begin with an action (Transform, Expand, Establish, Renovate, Build, Create, etc.)
- Name the outcome if applicable (Public Plaza, Job Training Center, Small Project Fund, Mixed-Use, Housing)
- Name the location if applicable (Historic Edwards Building, Historic Cannon Building, Long-Vacant Historic Buildings, Corner of Main & Clinton, 78 Bridge Street)

#### DRI/NYF Funding Request and Total Project Cost

Each project profile must state the requested amount to be paid by DRI/NYF funds, the total project cost, and the percentage of total costs requested. It is expected that the DRI/ NYF funding request for private projects will represent just a component of the overall project budget. The total project cost should reflect costs paid for by DRI/NYF funds, as well as private equity or financing, tax credits, or other public funding or financing. Those sources of additional funds should be listed in the project budget.

#### **Examples**

- Construct Mixed-Use Development on
  West Water Street
- Transform City Centre into an Indoor Market and Performance Space
- Renovate 13-15 Central Avenue to Create New Office Space

#### Example

Total DRI Funds Requested: \$2,500,000 Total Project Cost: \$6,500,000 % of Total Project Cost: 40%



**PROJECT PROFILES** 

#### **Project Description**

A complete but concise description of the project that includes the scope of the project and what will be planned, designed, and constructed; the background of the project and project site, including any previous planning work and general context needed to understand the project, and a brief description of the merits/ goals of the project. This description should include the following, if applicable:

- A description of the proposed use (e.g., commercial, industrial, residential, public improvement, or mixed-use) and the specific proposed improvements. For example, a description of a residential or mixed-use development may include information about the estimated number of units, building stories, commercial square footage, housing class (e.g., affordable, market-rate, workforce housing), or commercial tenants (if identified). A description of a park improvement may include details about specific improvements such as new seating areas, lighting, landscaping, path construction, etc.
- The current use and condition of the property and the size of the area impacted by the project, such as number of square feet per floor and number of building stories.
- A description of any work or planning done previously on the proposed project.
- For a small project fund, a description of the types of projects that will be funded must be included. Eligible activities, activity funding limits, private funding requirements, and other requirements unique to the DRI/ NYF should be included.

#### Example

Village Green, situated proximate to Main Street in a residential setting, is the primary community park within the Village, providing a range of programming and amenities. Although widely used by the community, the amenities within the park are outdated and need upgrades. The existing path is deteriorating, and the playground equipment is updated and inaccessible to some of the Village's population. Additionally, the park lacks modern amenities that would support the needs and interests of residents. To ensure an inclusive and welcoming recreation facility for all users, in 2023, the Village hired a consulting firm to complete a park master plan. The park is envisioned to get a comprehensive update, with upgrades to be completed in phases as funding becomes available.

The first phase, which is proposed for NYF funding, includes installing a large playground area with ADA-accessible equipment, a nature play area, a splash pad, and 1,000 square yards of new walking paths to provide access to and around the new playground areas. The walking path will be six feet wide and constructed with concrete to ensure accessibility for all users.

The proposed upgrades to Village Green will provide new and upgraded recreational options for community members that encourage healthy living and improve quality of life. The ADA playground equipment will expand recreational options for those with mobility differences and ensure that all in the community can access play spaces equitably. The ADA equipment and splash pad also have the potential to make the park into a regional destination, as these facilities are not available in nearby communities.



**PROJECT PROFILES** 

#### **Project Location/Address**

Each project profile must indicate the location of the project and its physical extent, including the address if available with a location map. For small project funds, as well as branding and marketing projects, identify the project target area and provide a geographical representation of the project limits.





**PROJECT PROFILES** 

#### **Project Sponsor**

The project sponsor that will implement the project shall be identified. A project sponsor must be a legal entity; it cannot be an individual. The entity should have the legal authority to execute a contract with the State for any awarded funds as well as undertake and oversee the project. For small project funds, an entity must be identified who will manage the fund and contract with the State.

#### **Property Ownership**

This section must identify the current ownership of the property on which the project will be located. If the project requires the acquisition of real property, describe the need for property acquisition and its status. If the project sponsor is not the property owner, this section should describe the sponsor's rights to the property or how the sponsor will obtain permission to carry out the proposed project.

Property acquisition as a stand-alone project, without a committed redevelopment activity, is not eligible for DRI/NYF funds. While property acquisition may be part of a project, the cost of acquisition is not eligible for DRI/NYF funds. Project Sponsor and Property Ownership may be combined into one section in the Project Profile.

#### **Examples**

#### **Example of Same Owners and Sponsors**

The City is the property owner and project sponsor for the implementation of streetscape improvements on proposed neighborhood side streets.

#### **Examples of Different Owners and Sponsors**

- The project sponsor is Artists Group, a local arts organization that fosters community through the arts. The property owner of the waterfront park and trail is the Village. The Village is fully supportive of this project and will develop a maintenance agreement with the project sponsor for the proposed sculpture installation.
- The current owner is King Development Corporation. ABC Realty, LLC, which will be the new property owner and project sponsor, executed a purchase agreement for the property, dated May 17, 2018. The agreement is contingent upon ABC Realty obtaining a zoning change to permit the proposed use.

#### Example of Owners and Sponsors of Funds

The City Department of Neighborhood and Business Development will administer the Fund. All individuals, entities, or companies receiving funding will be the principal owner of the property or have an agreement with the principal owner to make alterations to the subject property.



**PROJECT PROFILES** 

#### Capacity

This section shall describe the capacity of the project sponsor to implement and sustain the proposed project and include reference to any other proposed DRI/NYF projects in which the project sponsor is involved. This section should describe the sponsor's experience with developing and sustaining similar projects, the sponsor's experience with state or federal funding programs, and how this project, particularly if a public improvement project, will be maintained after project completion. For small project funds, information about the entity that will implement the fund, the entity's experience, its organizational structure, and how the fund will be managed should be included.

If there are partners involved with the implementation of this project, they should be identified in this section, and their roles should be described. Partners include key public, notfor-profit, and private entities or organizations needed to implement the projects (e.g., funding partners, operational partners). This does not include entities that are part of the project development team (e.g., architects, engineers, etc.).

#### **Examples**

 The Village will be overseeing the implementation of the proposed project with the assistance of contracted professional planning, engineering, and construction firms. The planning and engineering firms will assist with the design of the project. The Village will subsequently release an RFP for contracting services to construct the approved design. With the assistance of these firms, the Village has implemented many public improvement projects, including streetscapes and park improvements, such as the recently added fitness center at the outdoor recreation area. Many of these public improvement projects were subsidized with state and/ or federal funds, including CDBG, NYSDOT, and DEC, and were successfully managed by the Village. The Village intends to provide for future maintenance costs of the project in subsequent budgets. No partners have been identified for the implementation of this project

 The Youth & Family Center will be responsible for the implementation of the project. Founded in 1910, the Youth & Family Center is a longstanding 501(c)(3) non-profit organization that promotes youth and family development, healthy lifestyles, and social responsibility. The Center has extensive grant management experience including the management of millions of dollars in grants from the following organizations: Food Bank, United Way, County Youth Bureau, Office of Children and Family Services, ABC Foundation, and City School District, among others.

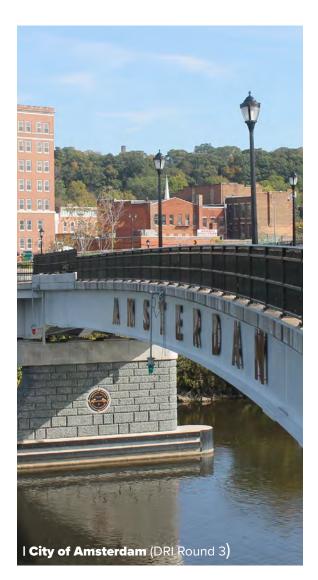
The Center currently provides numerous services to the community, including a food pantry, thrift store, childcare, and technology access. This project will help the Center expand its services and better meet the needs of the local population. To further its service offerings, the Center is collaborating with local and regional non-profits, including the Food Bank and ABC Foundation. The Food Bank will be an operating partner as it will be leasing a space in the building to expand the existing food pantry. The ABC Foundation, an existing financial supporter, will help fund the programming at the Center.



**PROJECT PROFILES** 

#### **Revitalization Strategies**

The DRI/NYF strategies that the project addresses and their alignment with relevant DRI/ NYF and REDC strategies should be identified in this section.



# **Example** | Enhance and Activate Downtown Public Spaces

#### DRI STRATEGIES:

- Increase access to recreational, cultural, and family-friendly activities and amenities.
- Build a concentration of activities and services around downtown anchors to attract visitors and extend their stay.
- Provide a network of public spaces that support year-round activities.
- Integrate green infrastructure, landscaping, art, and other amenities throughout public spaces to increase resilience to climate change and establish a sense of place.

#### REDC STRATEGIES:

• Facilitate growth of tourism opportunities.



**PROJECT PROFILES** 

# Decarbonization and Environmental Resiliency

Project profiles must state whether or not the project meets the decarbonization compliance criteria (Section 5.2) and why (e.g., substantial rehabilitation of over 5,000 square feet that includes replacement of its heating, cooling, and lighting systems). A description of the decarbonization techniques proposed by the project sponsor should be included in this section. If the project sponsor has identified a compliance path at this stage, that should be indicated; otherwise, the profile should identify the compliance path under consideration. This section should also identify any incentives or energy efficiency programs for which the project sponsor intends to explore and/or apply.

For projects that do not meet the criteria but are electing to follow one of the compliance paths or intending to pursue key decarbonization strategies, that compliance path and/or a description of the strategies should be included in this section.

In addition to describing the decarbonization strategies, this section should also describe how the project incorporates resiliency as related to the environment. For example, projects may include natural measures such as bioswales, rain gardens, living shorelines, green roofs, creation of open space, etc. to address resiliency. If a project is located within a flood hazard area, this section must identify the measures and techniques that will be incorporated into the project to mitigate flood risk.

#### **Examples**

As a newly constructed building • greater than 5,000 square feet, the proposed project must satisfy DRI/NYF decarbonization requirements. The project sponsor plans to meet the NYStretch Energy Code. Strategies will include LED lighting, high-efficiency HVAC and water heating equipment and distribution, properly insulated walls, floors, and roof and high-performance windows. Electrical systems will be sized for a future solar electric system, and the design may include electric HVAC and water heating systems. The project is exploring local utility incentives for the construction of the buildina.

In addition to constructing a more efficient building, the project will also use permeable pavement for its parking lot and install rain gardens and bioswales to manage stormwater runoff. Additionally, the project will incorporate native and drought-resistant plantings that require minimal maintenance.

 As a streetscape project, there are no required decarbonization measures; however, the pedestrian connections established in this project will enhance walkability and may reduce automobile use and carbon emissions. Additionally, the streetscape will incorporate energyefficient LED streetlights. The project promotes resiliency through the addition of pollinator plantings and street trees, which will provide improved stormwater management and habitat connectivity for pollinating insects and birds in a built environment that currently lacks these resources.



**PROJECT PROFILES** 

#### **Public Support**

The level of public support for the project should be described, including any key project elements that were strongly supported by the community. If applicable, this section should also refer to any specific outreach and documented support for a project that was outside the DRI/NYF public engagement process (e.g., comprehensive plan, letters of support, non-DRI/NYF public meetings, etc.)

#### **Examples**

- Many residents and LPC members expressed support for renovating this iconic building. Based on the feedback from Community Meeting 1, 92% of the Village's poll respondents expressed support for maintaining the historic integrity of buildings in downtown. Moreover, 67% of community respondents showed support for more diverse retail options in the downtown area. This project provides an excellent opportunity to both maintain the historic integrity of downtown through renovating existing buildings while also adding additional options for retail stores.
- Previous community outreach efforts

   of the city and the county have
   demonstrated strong support for the
   restoration of the city core and for
   mixed-use redevelopment. During
   the DRI planning process, this project
   had strong support by participants
   due to the perceived economic and
   aesthetic benefits of redevelopment
   and revitalization. The LPC felt that this
   was an important project that needed to
   be addressed, especially as the building
   has significant critical safety needs
   that have the potential to impact other
   downtown buildings.



**PROJECT PROFILES** 

#### **Project Budget**

A firm and detailed cost estimate that includes a breakdown of sources and uses of funding is required for each proposed project. The budget should be developed using the following guidelines:

- All projects must use the prescribed budget <u>table</u>. The budget should be broken down into specific component activities or into grouped activities for each budget line.
- Public improvement projects should be broken down into component activities, including relevant soft costs. For example, a streetscape project could include itemized activities such as design and engineering, sidewalk installation, street furniture (benches, planters, trash receptacles, etc.), or asphalt resurfacing.
- New building or rehabilitation project activities can be grouped into a singular "construction" activity, but activities associated with soft costs, site improvements, or other non-building construction should also be broken down into component parts.
- A DRI/NYF small project fund budget should have separate line items for administration expenses, soft costs, and the proposed fund activity (e.g., façade rehabilitation, permanent machinery, etc.). The budget table should include any local match and/or private owner match. Matching requirements will be established by the DRI/NYF LPC as local conditions warrant matching requirements must be no less than 25% of the total cost per project.

- Branding and marketing projects should be broken down into component activities. For example, a branding and marketing project may include activities such as branding design, website development, or design of marketing materials. If a wayfinding signage project is combined with a branding or marketing project, those distinct costs, such as fabrication and installation of wayfinding signage, should be identified.
- All budgets should include specific soft costs if required for the project. Soft costs should be broken down into design, engineering, legal, and other soft costs to the extent practicable.
- Contingency amounts should be appropriately factored into all project budgets, as appropriate. These amounts should be factored into budget line items and not shown in a separate line.



**PROJECT PROFILES** 

- The funding source for each line item should be specifically identified to the best knowledge of the project sponsor. It must be clear what components of the project will be paid for with DRI/NYF funds and other sources of funding. Sources of funding other than the DRI/NYF may include private equity or financing, tax credits, or other public funding or financing; and bond documents, memorandum of understanding, contracts, or other instruments. If the project sponsor does not have specific funding sources identified for project activities, that must be explained in the Budget Narrative section. The status of all funding sources must be stated in the budget table using the following definitions:
  - Secured: This funding source and amount of funding is guaranteed, and documentation has been provided demonstrating that the funding will be available at the time of project implementation.
  - Anticipated: This funding source is reasonably expected to be available at the time of project implementation, but the project sponsor does not have the funds currently available. This status may apply for funding sources such as loans, bonds, or fees.
  - Requested: The project sponsor has submitted a request to a funding entity for the amount identified but has not received confirmation of funding. This category is appropriate for the DRI/NYF funding source or other grants.

- Undetermined: This funding source has not been secured, and the project sponsor has not fully identified the funding sources and amounts. This status may be appropriate for projects that anticipate a capital campaign, but no activity has yet occurred to obtain those funds.
- All project budget line items should be rounded to the nearest \$1,000, meaning the total project cost and DRI/NYF request amounts will be rounded to the nearest \$1,000.





**PROJECT PROFILES** 

### **Example** | Create the Regional Health & Wellness Center

Activity	Amount	Funding Source	Status of Funds
Construction	\$3,820,000	DRI	Requested
	\$6,481,000	Bank Loan	Anticipated
	\$500,000	RG&E	Requested
	\$200,000	Restore NY	Requested
	\$100,000	ESD Capital	Requested
	\$530,000	Capital Campaign	Undetermined
	\$470,000	ARPA Funding	Secured
Drainage Infrastructure/Site Work	520,000	DRI	Requested
Permitting / Inspections	\$198,000	Bank Loan	Anticipated
Design	\$352,000	Bank Loan	Anticipated
Construction Administration	\$831,000	Bank Loan	Anticipated
			1
Total DRI/NYF Funding Request	\$4,340,000		
Total Funding from Other Sources	\$9,662,000		
Total Project Cost			\$14,002,000
% Requested of Total Project Cost	31%		

### **Example** | Enhance Streetscaping Along Main Street

Activity	Amount	Funding Source	Status of Funds
Stamped Asphalt	\$69,000		
Asphalt Resurfacing	\$162,000		
Median Landscaping	\$312,000	201	
Sidewalk Widening	\$78,000	DRI Requested	
Retaining Wall Repair	\$67,000		
Decorative Fencing	\$57,000		
Design and Engineering	\$112,000		
Total DRI/NYF Funding Request	\$857,000		
Total Funding from Other Sources	N/A		
Total Project Cost	\$857,000		
% Requested of Total Project Cost	100%		



**PROJECT PROFILES** 

#### **Budget Narrative**

The budget narrative must explain how the cost estimate was developed and verified. If contingency is included in the project budget, the percentage of contingency and justification for that amount of contingency should be explained. The status of funding, particularly for all funding that is not secured, must be explained, and a timeline and/or plan for obtaining the unsecured funding should be discussed. This includes any funding identified as Anticipated, Requested, or Unsecured. For example, if a loan is identified as the source of funding, this section should describe the plan to obtain that loan. The project sponsor should be able to provide documentation of the status of other funding sources. If there have been previous investments in the project, they should be discussed in this section; however, those activities should not be in the proposed project budget as the project budget should only account for planned/future activities.

#### Example

The project budget, which is based on standard construction estimating methods, was prepared by a licensed architect familiar with the proposed design improvements associated with this project. The 10% contingency included in the budget is within the typical range for this type of project to account for unanticipated project modifications. The sponsor has identified four sources of funding needed to complete the project. The first source of funding, which represents 40% of the overall project budget, is the requested DRI funding. The second source of funding, which represents 30% of the overall project budget, is the project sponsor's cash equity. This funding is secured in the form of a mortgage that is supported by a commitment letter from the bank in the amount stated in the project budget.

The third source of funding, which represents 20% of the overall project budget, is currently being raised through a capital campaign. The project sponsor has secured approximately half of the goal amount and anticipates reaching the campaign goal within one year. The final source of funding, which represents 10% of the overall project budget, will be secured through the NY State and Federal Historic Tax Credit Programs. A Part 1 form has already been submitted, and Part 2 will be submitted if and when DRI funds are awarded to the project. The property is listed on the State and National *Registers of Historic Places and the project* architect specializes in historic preservation. Therefore, it is anticipated that the proposed work will meet the Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation, and the tax credits will be approved.



PROJECT PROFILES

#### **Project Need and Impact**

This section must demonstrate the need and feasibility for the project and characterize the potential impact and benefits of the project on the downtown and the surrounding region. To demonstrate need and feasibility for a private project, this section should discuss economic assessments, pro-formas, market studies, and/ or other analyses, as appropriate. It could also incorporate findings from the downtown profile and assessment to support the need a certain type of development. For a public project or not-for-profit project, there could be a reference to a community need (potentially identified in the downtown profile and assessment) or other evidence that demonstrates the local and/or regional demand and/or interest in the project's long-term viability. This may also include a discussion of existing conditions that necessitate the proposed project.

In characterizing the potential impact and benefits, this section should describe the economic, environmental, climate resilience, health, and social impacts, as applicable, of the proposed project. These should be contextspecific and clearly explain the connection between the impact/benefit and the project.

#### Example

The proposed project will help address the housing shortage in the community, and it has been demonstrated that the local market can absorb additional housing. The project sponsor commissioned a third-party preliminary market study, which established the appropriate number of units that can be absorbed so there is no possibility of overbuilding and vacancy, the appropriate mix of units according to bedroom size, and the appropriate income targeting and rents.

The market study also determined the number of units that the local housing demand supports, as well as the proposed rents based on working household incomes locally and county-wide. The market study identified that approximately 80% of expected tenants will come from the Primary Market Area. It also indicated that the housing units are expected to be rented at a rate of eight units per month, with an especially strong demand for studios and one-bedroom apartments. The project is anticipated to house approximately 130 people.

This project will immediately result in removing an abandoned, blighted, and unsafe building. Constructing the proposed housing project will also increase housing options for the local workforce, which will benefit the business community and strengthen economic development ventures in the region. New housing will also provide a larger year-round residential population creating a greater customer base for local businesses and helping to stabilize the declining school population. The availability of workforce housing may also give private investors more confidence to launch a brand-new business or project. The project will promote housing stability, economic revitalization, and quality-of-life improvement for residents.

Further, the community has experienced a significant rise in housing prices due to the increase in short-term rentals and pandemicrelated migration. These factors have made it difficult for local workers and residents to afford housing, and housing prices for both owners and renters are expected to continue to rise. This project will address the need for housing at affordable price points, enabling the community's workforce to live in the community and for existing residents to age in place.

Additionally, this project is projected to generate a tax benefit of approximately \$80,000 per year through a proposed payment-in-lieu of taxes arrangements, a fiscal benefit compared with zero tax revenue generated by the property for the past 20 years.



**PROJECT PROFILES** 

#### **Regulatory Requirements**

Addressing regulatory requirements, such as consistency with the comprehensive plan, other locally adopted plans, and the zoning code; required state and local approvals; SEQRA status; permitting status; or potential regulatory hurdles is required in this section. Further, if a project requires a re-zoning or a variance, that should be noted in this section and appropriately incorporated into the project timeline.

#### Example

The proposed project is consistent with the city's comprehensive plan and meets the use requirements established in the zoning code. Final plan approvals will need to be obtained from the Planning Board, and SEQRA review will be undertaken at that time. The project sponsor may need to obtain area variances from the Zoning Board of Appeals for not meeting setback requirements, but these are not anticipated to be substantial requests. All local building, electrical, and plumbing permits will be obtained at the time of construction.



I Representative Rendering of a Proposed Project (Fulton DRI Round 4)



**PROJECT PROFILES** 

# Images of Current and Proposed Conditions

At a minimum, each project is required to include an image of the current conditions and at least one perspective rendering or visual representation of the site and/or project when it is complete. All project renderings and visuals must be high-quality and should be developed with a consistent style. Site plans or additional imagery from the project sponsor may be included to supplement the rendering(s) or visual representation of the project.





I Representative Rendering of a Proposed Project (New Rochelle DRI Round 3)

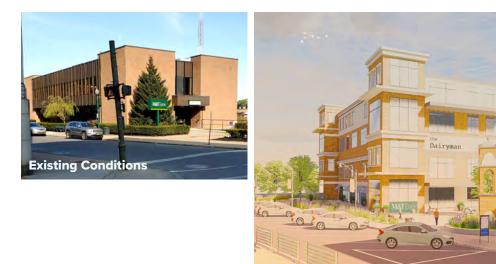








I Representative Rendering of a Proposed Project (Newark DRI Round 5)



Proposed Conditions

I Representative Rendering of a Proposed Project (Little Falls DRI Round 5)



**PROJECT PROFILES** 

#### **16.** Timeframe for Implementation

This section should include a general timeframe and phasing for implementation with milestones and activities. Using the template below, the phases should be expressed in the anticipated number of months (e.g., prepare engineering design documents [2 months], permit submissions, review, and approval [3 months]). If applicable, describe any preliminary work already completed or in progress that is part of this project (e.g., engineering and design, property acquisition, permits or approvals, capital infrastructure improvements, etc.). Additional preliminary work that is planned and funded, but not yet completed must be described. This information should also be included in the table

#### Example

PROJECT STAGE	TIMEFRAME
Conceptual Design	
<ul> <li>Develop renderings</li> <li>Develop project scope</li> <li>Draft preliminary construction cost estimate</li> </ul>	Completed
<ul><li>Regulatory Approvals</li><li>Seek rezoning for property</li></ul>	In Progress
<ul> <li>Design, Engineering, Bid Process</li> <li>Solicit design and engineering services</li> <li>Develop construction documents</li> <li>Obtain necessary permits and approvals</li> <li>Issue bid documents</li> <li>Award bid to selected contractor</li> </ul>	10 Months
<ul> <li>Construction</li> <li>Demolition of existing building</li> <li>Site work</li> <li>Construction of new building</li> </ul>	15 Months
Total Timeframe	25 Months



# Finalizing the Slate of Proposed Projects

## Overview

From LPC Meeting #3 to the conclusion of the planning process, the LPC will focus on identifying, reviewing, and evaluating projects. During this process, the LPCs may have to narrow down the list of proposed projects into a final slate of projects. When doing so, the LPC may consider public support, the community's vision, goals, and revitalization strategies, and local project evaluation criteria as they identify a final slate of recommended projects.

# **LPC Project Evaluation**

At the third LPC meeting, prior to reviewing the proposed projects identified through public engagement activities, the LPC will develop local project evaluation criteria using the State criteria as a guide.

The local evaluation criteria developed by the LPC, along with the community's vision, goals, and strategies, will guide the LPC members in their discussion of projects throughout the planning process, as they narrow the proposed project list into a final slate of projects. This will occur iteratively over the course of LPC Meetings #3-6 as more project information becomes available through the consultant team's ongoing project development work with the project sponsors.





FINALIZING SLATE OF PROPOSED PROJECTS

## **State Evaluation Criteria**

The DRI/NYF project evaluation criteria used by the State should serve as a guide for LPCs as they develop project evaluation criteria specific to their community's needs and goals. The LPC may use the State's criteria below as a guide to build on.

- State and Local Goals. The project should be aligned with State and local goals and demonstrate strong community support.
- **Project Readiness.** The project should be well-developed and poised to proceed in the near-term in a way that will jump start the redevelopment of the DRI/NYF area.
- Catalytic Effect. The project is likely to have a significant positive impact on the revitalization of the downtown by attracting other public and private investment at a scale appropriate for the DRI/NYF community.
- **Co-Benefits.** The project will result in secondary benefits to both the community and project developer, beyond the primary goal of the project itself, which will generate additional economic activity, grow the local property tax base, improve quality of life in the neighborhood, and/or result in improved buildings likely to create healthier, more comfortable, and productive environments in which to live and work.
- Cost Effectiveness. Investment of DRI/ NYF funds in the project would represent an effective and efficient use of public resources.

## Characteristics of the Final Project List

For DRI communities, the final slate of projects should total between \$13-16 million in DRI funding requests. For NYF communities, this final project list should total approximately between \$4-5 million (for communities awarded \$2.25 million) or \$6-8 million (for communities awarded \$4.5 million) in NYF funding requests. It is essential that the LPC select a slate of projects with a total funding request in excess of the DRI/NYF grant award. A larger slate of projects will allow the State to evaluate a broader range of projects recommended by the LPC, while ensuring that there are enough viable projects in case one or two projects do not ultimately come to fruition or if selected projects receive funding from another source.

The LPC should also ensure that the removal of one project from the final project list will not result in a total DRI/NYF funding request that is less than the community was awarded. For example, if a NYF community receives a \$4.5 million award and submits a final slate of projects that totals \$6 million, no one project should request more than \$1.5 million in NYF funding. Finally and importantly, the final proposed project list should not be prioritized — every project should be one that the LPC and community would be excited to see implemented.

# Project Implementation

# In this Section:

SECTION 6.1Project AwardsSECTION 6.2Contracting with the StateSECTION 6.3Downtown Management and Grant AdministrationSECTION 6.4Roadmap for Continued Revitalization





# **Project Awards**

After final submission of the Strategic Investment Plan, projects recommended for Downtown Revitalization Initiative or NY Forward funding will be selected following a careful review by the State.

### **Overview**

Upon final submission of the Strategic Investment Plan, projects recommended for Downtown Revitalization Initiative (DRI) or NY Forward (NYF) funding will be carefully reviewed by the State based on how well each project achieves the following criteria:

- State and Local Goals. The project should be aligned with State and local goals and demonstrate strong community support.
- Project Readiness. The project should be well-developed and poised to proceed in the near-term in a way that will jump start the redevelopment of the DRI/NYF area.
- **Catalytic Effect.** The project is likely to have a significant positive impact on the revitalization of the downtown by attracting other public and private investment at a scale appropriate for the DRI/NYF community.
- Co-Benefits. The project will result in secondary benefits to both the community and project developer, beyond the primary goal of the project itself, which will generate additional economic activity, grow the local property tax base, improve quality of life in the neighborhood, and/or result in improved buildings likely to create healthier, more comfortable, and productive environments in which to live and work.
- Cost Effectiveness. Investment of DRI/ NYF funds in the project would represent an effective and efficient use of public resources.









# **Contracting with the State**

### Overview

Projects selected for a DRI/NYF award will be assigned to an appropriate state agency or authority to manage the contract for implementation of the project. The state agency or authority selected and method of contracting and funding disbursement will be dependent on the specific project. While there may be some variation between agency or authority administration and the project type, in general awarded project funding will be provided on a reimbursement basis. It should be noted that DRI/NYF funds may be used as match for other grant funding if permitted by the granting agency or authority. However, the priority is to fund projects that are ready for implementation, with the expectation that all projects to break ground within two years from the time of the award.

DRI/NYF awards will be subject to all requirements typically attached to state funding, including but not limited to minorityand woman-owned business enterprise (M/ WBE) goals, competitive procurement, grant reporting requirements, and prevailing wages, as appropriate. For example, prevailing wages will be required where required by State law. Prevailing wage provisions would need to be met for public works projects (such as those projects subject to the Wicks Law, etc.) or if it is a requirement of another funding source (as it is for U.S. Housing and Urban Development Community Planning and Development programs-Davis-Bacon).





# SECTION 6.2 CONTRACTING

I **Ribbon Cutting at State Street Plaza, Auburn** (DRI Round 3)

# What is a Reimbursable Grant?

A reimbursable grant is one where the grantee receives the grant funds only **after** expenses are incurred or in some cases, after a project has been successfully completed in its entirety. This means that a project sponsor must pay for the project costs, and then they will be reimbursed by the State once they achieve agreed-upon milestones.



# **Downtown Management and Grant Administration**

## Overview

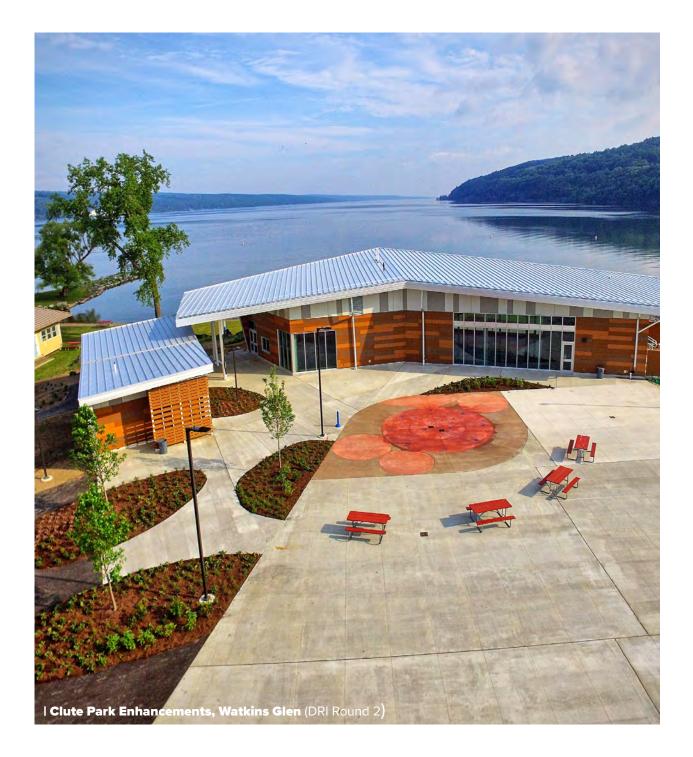
Local oversight and coordination of downtown projects is vital to the overall success of the DRI/NYF investments. To ensure efficient and coordinated implementation of DRI projects, it is expected that each community will designate a DRI/NYF point of contact who will provide consistent oversight and serve as a single point of contact regarding all DRI/NYF projects.

Each contracting state agency/authority (primarily DOS, ESD, and HCR) will be responsible for managing individual contracts with project sponsors; however, DOS will remain the lead for the state team and will be responsible for tracking progress of all DRI/NYF projects.





# SECTION 6.3 DOWNTOWN MANAGEMENT AND GRANT ADMINISTRATION





# Roadmap for Continued Revitalization

## **Overview**

Downtown revitalization usually does not begin or end with the DRI/NYF award. Downtown revitalization work begins well in advance of receiving a DRI or NYF award, and that work must continue beyond the DRI/NYF planning and project implementation process. To continue the work of downtown revitalization in each community, the LPC will guide the development of a "roadmap," which will identify actions, projects, and programs to continue downtown revitalization. This roadmap will include nearterm (three to five years) recommendations that will help continue and build on the momentum of the DRI/NYF planning process and projects.



